Morning Oregonian.

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EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN]

Matt. Carpenter Defeated.

MADISON, WIS., Feb 3—The legislature in joint convention this morning elected Angus Cameron United States Senator. The result was brought about by a coalition of Democrats with bolting Republicans. The latter offered the Democrats four men from which they might choose a candidate, namely Judge Cole, ex Gov Lewis, Gen Guppey and Angus Cameron. The Democratic caucus last night nominated Cameron conditionally upon his [illegible] that includes hard money, tariff for revenue only and the supremacy of civil [illegible] in time of peace. Cameron is a lawyer of La Crosse, 49 years old, who came to [illegible] in 1857. He has served six years in the [illegible] before and was Speaker of the House in [illegible]. The vote stood Cameron 69, Carpenter, 58 [illegible].

Choosing a Bishop.

[illegible], Feb. 3—The Illinois Diocesan Convention [illegible] to choose a successor to Bishop [illegible]. So far as can be judged at present the [illegible] are in favor of the election of Dr DeKoven, [illegible] his principal competitor being Dr [illegible] of Baltimore.

Bank of England Rates—Reduction of Bullion.

NEW YORK, Feb 3—There is a general expectation among bankers that the Bank of England rate will be advanced to-morrow one to two per cent. London advices were the chief topic of conversation in financial circles here, the cable reporting a further extraordinary loss of bullion by the Bank of England of 580,000 pounds. It is generally believed that France is drawing gold from England.

The Louisiana Investigation.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb 3—The congressional committee to-day examined Charles W Burt, merchant, [who] came to Shreveport two years ago from New [illegible]. He testified to the cordial treatment received [illegible] representative residents of the city and country and their desire to have representative northern [illegible] settle there and their loyalty to the General Government, also to the peaceableness of the election last November, to the depression of business, shrinkage of values caused by high taxation and maladministration. The opposition to Republican officers was due to their corruptness. Where they were honest and capable they were as well [illegible] as anybody.

[illegible] B Sters of Shreveport, merchant, corroborated the testimony.

[illegible] C Moncure of Shreveport, conservative candidate for State Treasurer at the last election, [testified] as to the condition of political affairs [in] the State since reconstruction. He [said] that until last election the Conservatives [ran] mixed white and black tickets, but last [election] they believed it would have more effect on [illegible] to run a straight white ticket, and the [illegible] the correctness of the theory, as the [illegible] a larger black vote than ever before. [He] denied there was ill feeling between the whites [illegible] except when the latter were influenced [illegible].

[A] colored resident of Shreveport testified [illegible] of the late election and then said [illegible] people voted the Conservative ticket [illegible] influenced by the failure of the Savings [illegible] supported the Conservative ticket in order [to secure] good government. He also testified to the [good] feeling between the whites and negroes [illegible] that well behaved negroes were treated [illegible]. Intelligent negroes believe their [illegible] identified with those of the whites [illegible] subjected to a fierce cross-examination [illegible] recited various articles from the [illegible] platform and proceedings, with inquiry [illegible] think of that doctrine?"

WASHINGTON CITY.

[An] Old Squabble Settled.

[illegible], Feb 3—Colonel Koutt of Illinois, [illegible] General, will be appointed [Governor] of Colorado in the place of Mc[illegible].

Chicago Hint.

[New] York, Feb 3—A *Tribune* special says the [illegible] strongly favors the pro[illegible].

To Fill the Vacancy.

[It is] believed that Tyner, Congressman [illegible] appointed [illegible] and Assistant [illegible] in place of Koutt, to be appointed [illegible] of Colorado.

[illegible] Pinchback.

[illegible] says: As an indication of the [illegible] on the Louisiana question it may [be said] that a Senator hitherto one of the [illegible] and consistent supporters of the ad[ministration] [illegible] a devout believer in the outrage [illegible] to-day with the emphasis and enthu[siasm] [illegible] that the whole Kellogg gov[ernment] [illegible]. He added "I will not vote [illegible] of the caucus to recognize it as a [illegible]. I won't vote to seat Pinchback [illegible] to be bound to do so." The position [illegible] committee on elec[tions] [illegible] is now a majority of [illegible] him. If Carpenter returns [illegible] vote will tie the committee.

[illegible]—A Small Caucus and Nothing Done.

[illegible], Feb 3—A Washington special says [the] caucus held last evening for the purpose [of con]sidering White's proposition for suppressing [illegible] in the South with the aid of the military [was] so slimly attended that nothing definite was [done]. The general impression among the majority [of] Republicans is that it is too late in the session for any more political legislation.

Indignant Democrat—Unanimously Republican.

[illegible] dispatch says immediately after the ad[journment] yesterday Speaker Blaine tendered one [of the] vacant places on the committee on rules to [illegible] of Pennsylvania, who indignantly rejected [it] on the ground that he or any other Democrat would be a cipher in the committee. The position [was] tendered to several other Democrats, but all [illegible]. The [illegible] now is the committee for [the] rest of the [session] will be unanimously Republican. [illegible] Blaine has not yet filled the vacancy in the committee on rules and the Democrats [illegible] that none of them will under the [present] circumstances accept a place on the committee.

[illegible] of Congress.

There appears to be a good deal of talk of an ex[tra session] [illegible] as there remains but four weeks of the [illegible] and business is greatly behind. The [illegible] voting on preliminary questions connected with the civil rights bill. No other business is being transacted.

The Pacific Mail Investigation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3—Wm M Leeny, [illegible] of Jay Cooke & Co's banking house, was before the ways and means committee to-day and identified checks received and certified [illegible] by the bank July 1872.

BAKER CITY ITEMS

BAKER CITY, Jan 25 1875.

To the Editor of the Oregonian:

The weather in this region at present is stormy, thermometer ranging from zero to 20° above, some sunshine and more clouds and cold, snowy mists than pleasant skies, about 14 inches of snow in the valley. The roads to the various mining camps all open and traveled daily.

Grier & Kellogg run regularly to Canyon City and report good road—only five feet of snow on the highest divide. Town quiet and business dull.

All of our quartz mills hereabouts are and have been running all winter. Green & Co [of] Rye valley cleaned up; actual result not public, but seems to be perfectly satisfactory [to] owners—probably $7,000 or $8,000 from a short run.

The stock men are short of hay, and a protracted winter would be severe on stock, as [illegible] we have fine fat beef.

Plenty of snow in the mountains and every prospect for a profitable mining season to [come].

Our old postmaster Wm F McCrary, brother to Congressman from Iowa Geo McCrary, who died here on the 21st, was much lamented. A worthy citizen and a good man gone to the shadowy land.

Snowing a little to-day. This has been the most severe cold weather in this section since [18]52 and 61. Thermometer the lowest about [illegible] below zero.

BAKER.

There is still some squabble over the location of the Capital of Montana. The canvass [illegible] counted Virginia in and Helena out and [illegible] proclaimed Virginia the Capital. [The] Supreme Court decided Helena in and [the] Governor so proclaimed, but the officers [re]fused to move from Virginia, and application is now made to the court for a mandamus.

The Lewiston *Mountaineer* says: On Tuesday night, about dark, a chinook poked its nose up the river and drifted the snow around quite lively for a few minutes, but a Lemhi chinook met it from the opposite direction and soon dispelled our hopes of a break up.

THE TILTON-BEECHER CASE.

Tilton's Testimony Continued

[BY TELEGRAPH]

The witness then testified in regard to the appearance of the letter to a complaining friend, which he said was written to meet the demands of the public through the press and otherwise for some explanation from somebody of the charges against Beecher. Witness, Moulton and Beecher were seeking some plan to satisfy the public without destroying themselves. About the same time witness prepared the so called "True Story," though he said he didn't understand why it should be called a true story as it was not true. Beecher said he could not bear the publication of that. Witness also about the same time wrote the letter to a friend in the West which has been read here. All these were with the same view. Witness then proceeded to relate an interview with Beecher in which witness protested against the public being allowed to rest in the belief that he (witness) had wronged Beecher, when the fact was just the contrary. He told Beecher his proposition was to publish his letter of contrition with a note to the public from witness saying they could now see who had committed a crime. Witness told him, however, that he didn't want to resort to such a severe method if it could be avoided, and suggested that he (Beecher) had better correct the impression himself in a milder way. Beecher and Moulton then consulted with regard to the matter. On May 1st [illegible] Moulton presented Tilton a proposition from Beecher to resign the ministry of Plymouth church. Moulton read the proposed resignation and asked Tilton what he thought of that as an expedient. Witness replied "You tell Beecher that if he resigns his ministry in this crisis, flinging back that shadow on my family, I will shoot him upon the street." Whether Moulton told Beecher this or not, witness did not know. Next morning Moulton showed witness a letter from Beecher to Kinsella of the Brooklyn *Eagle*, stating that the publication of the tripartite agreement was made without consultation with either Tilton or himself or their authorization. If it should lead the public to regard Tilton as the author of the calumnies to which it alluded, or any other slanders against Beecher, it would do Tilton great injustice, etc. Tilton then related the circumstances of West's charges and his refusal to mix in the affair, and testified he was told of Beecher's gratitude for his course. Adjourned.

NEW YORK, Feb 3—In the Beecher trial this morning Tilton, continuing his testimony, related the particulars of his last interview with Beecher. Witness identified a letter written by him and sent to Beecher May 4 1874, which was read and placed in evidence. It related to his (witness') refusal to accept money from Beecher to proceed with his family to Europe and remain a number of years. Witness then related the circumstances attendant upon the calling of the investigating committee in July 1874 and the leaving of his house by Mrs Tilton. She did not leave against his will. She had a will of her own and acted upon it. At the same time he did not attempt to restrain her. Witness next gave the history of the girl Bessie Turner, and denied positively that he ever took her from her bed to his or that any improper conduct was ever exhibited by him toward her. Beecher from first to last never denied the criminal intercourse with Mrs Tilton. Whenever he spoke of it he always said she was not to blame. Witness identified the reports prepared by him and put into Moulton's hands. One he prepared at the suggestion of General Tracy after Mrs Tilton had been before the committee and Tracy had told witness of the evidence given by her. General Tracy told me I need have no anxiety concerning it; that Mr Tilton had gone down to the committee from Mrs. Ovington's house; that previous to the assembling of the committee he, Tracy, had instructed her what to say and how to say it; that he had put the question to her that she might make no blunders, and that she came before the committee to deny everything; that there had been no wrong between her and Beecher, and that there had been no proposition of wrong towards her, and that there was no foundation whatever for the scandal, and [illegible] this narrative were [illegible] Tracy, as [illegible].

Now if you take the right advantage of Mrs Tilton's appearance before the committee, now is the opportunity of suppressing the scandal forever. What the General said to me made a great impression on my mind, and I said, "If there is a chance of saving Elizabeth, Heaven knows I would be only too glad to avail myself of it," and I told him I would ask him to explain to me the mode of procedure. He said, "Here are a number of gentlemen, and they can summon whom they choose, and the committee will be bound to make a report on the basis of what these people choose to put down before the committee, to the advantage of all parties." That was Tracy's theory, and I told him I would co-operate with him in that. Tracy then asked me what sort of report would satisfy me, and I told him I would stand by any report which would do me no injustice and vindicate Elizabeth.

He said you make any kind of report you choose which does not charge Beecher with adultery or crime that would keep him from maintaining his position in the pulpit, and he offered to procure the passage of such a report. Accordingly witness prepared two reports, a short and a long one, and presented them to Moulton. Mrs Tilton liked the long one best.

Fullerton here announced that he desired to put in as evidence at a later period some correspondence between Moulton and Mrs Tilton in 1870. If this was agreed to, his direct examination of the witness was now concluded.

Evarts wanted the letters introduced now if at all.

Counsel for the prosecution said they would have to go through three hundred letters to find the dozen wanted. It was finally agreed to produce them, it allowed half an hour in which to find them. This was agreed to and a recess was taken.

After recess Tilton resumed the stand and identified the letters produced by Fullerton, which were written by Mrs Tilton to him during the years 1867 [illegible], also certain letters from Tilton to his wife during the same period. [illegible] read the letters, all expressing love and affection. Tilton resumed and testified that with the exception of his absences on lecturing tours there was no separation between himself and his wife from the time they were married until the 11th of July, when she left him, except that a few days previous to that date, on the night he found that she had united with Tracy again, he left the house with the purpose of separating from her. He returned next morning to see Tracy, who gave him such an account of her appearance before the committee that he went to see her, and thereafter remained with her as before until she left on the 11th of July, on which morning she awoke him about six A M, bade him good bye, said she was going to Mr Ovington's. So far as he has heard she has since been there and at other places. I don't understand that her residence is at Ovington's. I understand it is at my house. (Sensation.) Witness was again asked his age, and repeated that he was 39, having been born October 2d 1835. His wife is one or two years older. He was married at 20. Had known his wife when she was 10. Up to the time she left him their intercourse was close and intimate as possible in human affairs. He thought his wife had more than common brains.

A letter read by Fullerton this afternoon, addressed by Tilton to Beecher as pastor, Halliday as associate pastor and Shearman as clerk of Plymouth church, called attention to the statement of Dr Bacon, moderator of the Congregational Council, expressing regret that Plymouth Church allowed the opportunity of vindicating its pastor from the scandalous charges against him to be thrown away by allowing Tilton to have his name dropped from the rolls. Witness offered to place this opportunity in the hands of the Church by voluntarily appearing before its council and answering any charges, asking only that the council be open and Beecher be present.

THE TERRITORIES

Tom Ricketts of Ada county, I T, had his feet and hands badly frozen last month.

Idaho papers report the thermometer from 15 to 32 degrees below zero about the 15th ult.

Five head of cattle were frozen to death in attempting to cross the Snake river at the time it froze up two weeks ago.

Mr J G Peck, probate judge elect of Ada county, Idaho, having resigned, the board of county commissioners have appointed W W Glidden.

From the Owyhee I T *Avalanche* of Jan 23d: We learn that cattle have commenced dying in the various camps along Snake river. The fatality appears to be the greatest among work oxen, they being [illegible] poor when turned out in the fall and unable to stand the unusual and unlooked for severity of the present winter.

From the Tacoma *Tribune* we learn that the Nicaraguan ship [illegible] was wrecked at the west end of Neah bay on the 10th of last month. She put into the bay, but being in an exposed condition and a severe gale and snow storm coming on, the captain thought best to put out to sea. While wearing ship in the endeavor to do this the [illegible] ran on the rocks. She was beaten [illegible] by the waters that the rocks were forced through her bottom, and have since firmly held the vessel in that position. The captain and crew got ashore and walked to Neah Bay, where they embarked on the steamer *Gussie* for Port Townsend. The [illegible] was a staunch built ship and is said to be otherwise injured but in a small degree, notwithstanding her terrible encounter with the rocks. She was to have been sold on the 3d inst. She was built at Quebec in 1856 of oak and hackmatack, for the copper trade between Chili and Wales, in which she was engaged for twelve years. Her length was 165 feet, her breadth of beam 32 feet, her depth of hold 20 feet, her registered tonnage 743, and her carrying capacity 600,000 feet of lumber.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

The Muybridge Trial.

NAPA, Feb 3—The seventh district court, Judge W T Wallace presiding, opened this morning at 11 o'clock. The first case on the docket was that of People vs E J Muybridge for the murder of Major Harry Larkins in October last near the quicksilver mines in this county. A large number of witnesses were in attendance. Much interest was manifested on both sides, indicating that while the prisoner had plenty of friends there were those also on the part of the deceased determined to see his memory cleared and the slayer punished if the facts in the case should justify a finding to that effect. The people were represented by D Spencer, district attorney of Napa county. The defense was conducted by W W Pendegast of Napa, C H King and [illegible] of San Francisco. Proceedings commenced by a motion for a continuance on the part of the prosecution on the ground of the absence from illness of a young man named Wolf, who drove Muybridge in a buggy from Calistoga to the scene of the murder on the fatal evening, and McArthur, a witness of the shooting. This the defense at first resisted, professing themselves willing to admit all that could be proven by the witness. A long discussion ensued on this point and ended by his honor deciding the prosecution and defense must stipulate as to what they would do, otherwise he would order the trial to proceed. In other words the court would not make a conditional order. It being stated that McArthur was on his way to the court, the judge suggested the jury be impaneled, the right being reserved to make a motion for continuance if witness failed to be present. Pending decision on this point the court adjourned till 1:30 P M.

NAPA, Feb 3—After recess Mr Spencer announced that the board of supervisors had authorized the employment of assistant counsel and asked that the court appoint Hon Thos P Storey as such assistant. The appointment was made and Mr Storey assumed management of the case, being an older and more experienced lawyer than Mr Spencer. After some delay the task of impaneling a jury was proceeded to, which was accomplished in a remarkably short time, but little difficulty being experienced. Examination of witnesses was proceeded to and considerable progress made before 5:30 o'clock, when the court adjourned till 9:30 A M to-morrow.

The testimony is the same as has already been published in the daily press. There are a few who denounce Muybridge, but public sympathy is generally with him. Muybridge himself is in excellent health and good spirits. The examination will be continued to-morrow at the hour named.

Interior California.

LOS ANGELES, Feb 3—The subscription in this city to the stock of the Los Angeles and Independence Railroad now amounts to $110,000. The names of many wealthy men who intend to take stock do not yet appear on the books. There seems to be no doubt about the success of the enterprise.

Reports from farmers regarding crop prospects are cheering, never were better.

The dining room of the Hotel des Princes was burglarized last night. The money drawer was broken open, but nothing of value was found. It is stated that there is an organized band of thieves in this city who are doing their work systematically.

An attempt was made to throw the San Fernando train from the track last night a short distance north of this city. The engineer of the down train noticed a log across the track. The train was running slowly, and the brakes so checked the headway of the train that when the locomotive struck the log it shoved it ahead until the cars came to a standstill. A little further on the switch was found wedged open with rocks which had been pounded into it.

The weather has apparently settled warm and pleasant.

San Francisco Stock Market

[BY TELEGRAPH]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb 3—Ophir [illegible], Mexican 20; G & C 17½; B & B 84; Savage 100; Chollar 63; H & N 42; Crown Point [illegible]; Julia [illegible]; Imperial 10½; Empire Mill 7½; Kentuck 16; G H Quartz 22; Alpha 17; Belcher 40½; Confidence [illegible]; [illegible]; Caledonia [illegible]; [illegible]; Exchequer 20; [illegible]; Overman 60; Justice [illegible]; [illegible]; Bullion [illegible]; Knickerbocker [illegible]; Utah [illegible]; Silver Hill [illegible]; Challenge [illegible]; Dayton [illegible]; Rock [illegible]; New York Con [illegible]; Occidental [illegible]; Phil Sheridan [illegible]; Woodville 2½; [illegible]; Lady Washington [illegible]; Kossuth [illegible]; [illegible]; Wells Fargo [illegible]; North Carson [illegible]; Niagara [illegible]; Leviathan [illegible].

STATE FINANCES.

APPROPRIATIONS AND TAX LEVIES—WHAT DOES THE CONSTITUTION SAY, AND WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

SALEM, Feb [illegible] 1875.

To the Editor of the Oregonian:

I beg to take issue with you on the question of State finances so summarily disposed of by you on the 28th ult., and in the consideration of it, in order that we may not confound what the constitution *requires* the legislature to do with what the legislature has *done* in the premises, let us first view the subject of taxation in a purely constitutional light.

Sec. 1, Art. 9, reads thus: "The legislative assembly shall provide by law for a uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation," &c. &c.

Sec. 2.—"The legislative assembly shall provide for raising revenue sufficient to defray the expenses of the State for each fiscal year, and also a sufficient sum to pay the interest on the State debt, if there be any."

Sec. 6.—"Whenever the expenses of any fiscal year shall exceed the income, the legislative assembly shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing fiscal year sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency as well as the estimated expense of the ensuing fiscal year."

Now the Constitution evidently contemplates by the foregoing *annual* action on the revenue laws by the legislature, first by providing a revenue sufficient to defray the expenses of the ensuing fiscal year, and if there has been a deficiency in the preceding year to provide revenue sufficient to cover that deficiency as well as the estimated expenses of the ensuing fiscal year; and we may as well here determine the character of the deficiency contemplated by the constitution. Now as the amount of money to be raised for the ensuing year is fixed, based upon the estimates of the Secretary of State, and as the valuation of the taxable property in the State is already accomplished and ascertained from the assessment rolls already deposited with the Secretary of State in accordance with the territorial law of Jan 27 1854, this duty of the legislature is reduced to a simple case of long division, and a levy is made to exactly meet the appropriation. Hence no deficiency can exist here, for although the tax may not be all collected so as to form a part of the receipts of the year, yet being good assets it must be counted as part of the "income"; but the *actual* expenses may exceed the *estimates*, and usually *does* so, and the deficiency here contemplated is evidently the excess of actual expenses over the appropriations, consisting not of warrants but of claims against the State for services performed for which no appropriation was made, and for which consequently no warrant could issue; and indeed the word *deficiency* when applied to legislation, both national and State, [illegible] that for which the appropriation is insufficient, *e. g.* the I. O. deficiency bill, the Indian deficiency bill.

Now it is requisite that the law providing the sufficient revenue required above should state that the revenue is to be applied to the payment of expenses of any particular year, or may it not levy — mills for State purposes [illegible] to provide for the payment of the ordinary expenses of the State, and would it not thus sufficiently and distinctly state the [illegible] to which only it shall be applied?

In [illegible] which comes first in the order of payment out of the tax levied for the ensuing fiscal year, the deficiency or the current expenses.

But enough of the constitutional requirements on this subject. The question now is, have they been complied with? To section 1 we may answer in the affirmative. Sections 2 and 6 require duties to be performed *annually*, while section 10, article 4, provides that the sessions of the legislative assembly shall be held *biennially*. Now an attempt to make this provision cover *two* fiscal years instead of *one* is quite another matter, and, as you will see, quite impracticable and attended with widely different result, for the reason that you have the assessment of only one of the two years for which you are to make the levy, and must depend upon an *estimate* of the valuation for the second year. This gives rise to a class of deficiencies and excesses for which the inconsistency of the constitution is directly responsible, but which it did not contemplate or provide for. Hence we may reasonably conclude that the legislative assembly, finding it impossible to conform to the requirements of sections 2 and 6, abandoned the further attempt and proceeded upon the more general but quite sufficient authority of section 1, article 9, backed by sections 17 and 18 of article 4, and in addition to the revenue already provided "for State purposes" by the act of January 24 1856, they passed October 22d 1864 an act entitled "an act to increase the revenue of the State," which provides "that the annual tax hereafter to be levied in this State to defray the current expenses of the State shall be five mills on the dollar of all taxable property, &c., &c." Now by assuming for the word *current* a significance that does not belong to it, and then pinching the law with a technical and unwarranted application of section 3, article 9 of the Constitution, this act is tortured into a provision for cutting up the revenue derived from taxation into distinct biennial funds, which section 1, article 9, above referred to, prohibits even the legislature from interfering with or disposing of; and in consequence of this misconstruction the treasury now presents the following anomalous condition of finances.

There are outstanding some $280,000 of warrants drawn upon the various funds, while in the same funds there is cash to the amount of $100,000, which it is needless to say brings no revenue to the State in the shape of interest, while the warrants are drawing interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum.

Now the word *current*, as it occurs in this statute, is evidently intended to indicate the *character* of the expenses, rather than the *time* in which they are incurred, and in this sense it is used in the various appropriation acts interchangeably with the word *ordinary*. This is perfectly consistent with the definitions given of the word by Webster, among which are "common," "running," etc.; but admitting that it means literally "*now passing*," if not qualified by some measure of time it has no definite bounds, and *when* so qualified, there is no limit to the time it may embrace—*e. g.* "the current year, the current decade, and the current century" are all equally consistent uses of the word. Now the object of this law was to provide a revenue for the payment of the current expenses of the State, not for a current year nor for a current biennial term only, but for the time the law remained in force, and clearly any item of ordinary expense for which a warrant has been issued in pursuance of law, in order to be *without* the provisions of this law, must have been incurred before October 22 1864.

Much confusion has arisen in the consideration of this question from confounding appropriation acts, which can only take money *out* of the treasury, with the revenue acts which put it *in*, and also from a misapprehension of the tenure of the different funds, it being sometimes assumed that when the money specified in an appropriation act is exhausted a fund is annihilated. Unquestionably a fund may exist before any of the money pertaining to it is appropriated, and after an appropriation is exhausted. By section 27 [illegible] laws as amended in 1868 the legislature created a fund consisting of four mills annually on the dollar of the taxable property in the State, which is usually denominated the general fund, etc. (Ds. Sup. court 1872 p 446.)

Still another difficulty in the way of a fair solution of this question is the disposition to [illegible] the *direct* requirements of the constitution on the subject of taxation. Now where the constitution directs the legislature to perform a certain act or to provide for a certain emergency, and they fail to do the specific thing required of them, such requirement is not operative in itself, and cannot be observed, because, being directed to the legislature, they are the only body that can carry it into effect, and their failure to do so renders it inoperative. This applies with full force to sections 2 and 6 of Art. 9, which have been necessarily disregarded in whole or in part by the legislature, as we have already shown. Now in regard to the language of the various appropriation acts: they all appropriate moneys *out of* the general fund, either for the payment of warrants on that fund, or *into* other funds for the payment of warrants on them, and the various appropriations of the revenue out of the general fund *never* refer to the proceeds from taxation in any particular year, but *always* simply "out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated."

Now in regard to the duty of the treasurer. Sec. 4, Art. 6, of the constitution provides that "the powers and duties of the treasurer shall be such as may be prescribed by law."

Sec. 26, general laws, p. 62, directs him "to pay on demand out of the State treasury all sums authorized by law to be so paid, if there are appropriate funds in the treasury to pay the same, &c. To pay all warrants drawn on the treasurer in the order in which they are presented, out of the appropriate fund, &c."

In regard to the *status* of the outstanding warrants above referred to, they can in no sense be regarded as *deficiency* warrants, even if we call such warrants deficient as are issued in any one year, or rather biennial term (I believe that is the fiscal period into which the present treasurer divides his funds, but by what authority I cannot see), because the receipts as per treasurer's report into the general fund for that period were over $466,000—an amount considerably in excess of the amount of warrants issued for expenses incurred during the same term, of which the $280,000 above named form a part. Now to find the deficient warrants under this rule, we must ransack the files of cancelled warrants in the treasury clear back to territorial times, and compel the ex treasurers, from number one down to the time of the present incumbent, to collect back the money from those who have wrongfully received it on these tail end warrants of each year, and thus accumulate a fund sufficient to wipe out these $280,000 of outstanding warrants. There are two horns to this dilemma. One way out is to compel the late treasurer on his bond to reimburse the treasury with funds wrongfully applied; the other to compel the present treasurer to retrace his steps. Either course will pay off the outstanding warrants in a very short time; but the proper course for the State to pursue, in order to pay off *all* warrants old and new, is for the treasurer to pay them in the order directed by law—the oldest first—and for the secretary to levy the full amount of tax authorized by law—six mills instead of four—which course pursued for the last decade would have left no warrants outstanding now, and would have added to the present year's revenue about $100,000. To thus pick up the revenue about our new treasurer will in due time overcome his conscientious scruples about paying warrants out of their biennial term, and thus put an end to our present difficulties.

ALPHA.

But few cattle have died in the vicinity of the Dalles from the effects of the cold weather.

BEECHER AND TILTON IN COURT

HOW THEY APPEAR AND [illegible] FOLLOWING

(From the Chicago Tribune.)

NEW YORK, Jan [illegible]—Judge Morris closed his opening address in the Brooklyn scandal suit this morning, and two witnesses were called to the stand—Augustus Maverick and Francis D Moulton. Mr Morris reviewed the proceedings of the Plymouth Church Investigating Committee after the publication of Mr Tilton's letter to Dr Bacon, and contended that every act of Mr Beecher in connection with that inquiry was virtually an admission of guilt. He referred to two of the witnesses for the prosecution—Francis B Carpenter and Francis D Moulton. The announcement that Mr Carpenter would testify that Mr Beecher had confessed his guilt to him was a surprise to every one.

MOULTON ON THE STAND.

After the recess Augustus Maverick gave unimportant testimony in relation to Mr Tilton's marriage, and then Mr Moulton was examined by ex Judge Fullerton. His testimony related to the first meeting between Mr Tilton and Mr Beecher at his house, the circumstances under which the apology was written, and subsequent interview between himself and Mr Beecher.

THE UPPER AND LOWER HOUSE.

Mr Tilton's friends were in the gallery, Mr Beecher's in seats back of the lawyers' tables. One might have almost imagined that it was a Friday night prayer meeting, so numerous were the representatives from Plymouth Church. Besides Mr Beecher and Messrs Shearman and Hill there were the Rev S P Halliday, Roswell S Benedict, Abija Whitney, W C Davidson, J C Carpenter, Wallace F Caldwell, E. A Studwell, Moses J Mooney, William B Smith, George Christensen, James H Watson, Mr Bullard and sons, Jacob B Murray, Edward J Ovington, Henry M Cleveland, Capt Lidridge, Prof R R Raymond, Horatio King, Moses S Beach and many more. Mr and Mrs Beecher were surrounded by friends and breathed a Plymouth Church atmosphere. They entered the court room quietly and took seats slightly to the left of those which they had occupied on the previous day. A bouquet of flowers was awaiting them on one table, Mrs George Christensen repeating the attention which she had previously shown. Henry M Cleveland, a member of the Investigating Committee, was on the right with Augustus Storrs, another member.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH NOT INCLINED TO [illegible] JUDGE MORRIS.

Mr Morris' address was virtually an arraignment of Plymouth Church as well as of its pastor, and this body guard from the church seemed to be drawn together by an instinct of self protection. Denunciations of the policy of the church and the hollowness of the investigation were received with cynical smiles, and while Mr Moulton faced the audience from the witness stand many faces in the Plymouth section of the house were clouded, and there were fierce glances of hostility which reminded us of that stormy session when the report of the Committee was adopted and one man was hissed.

Mrs Tilton was accompanied by Mrs Anna M Field and Mrs Thomas G Shearman, and was escorted to the court room by Edward J Ovington and ex Judge Morse. Two ladies and Mrs Tilton's father in law sat apart from Mr and Mrs Tilton, nearly in the centre of the room.

Before the proceedings opened there was a buzz of conversation in the court room, and Mrs Tilton chatted gaily with her friends, now and then glancing timidly in the direction of her husband.

TILTON ATTENDING TO BUSINESS.

He sat alone some distance off, with his back turned and his eyes riveted on the jury box. His attention is absorbed in this case, and he wastes no side glances on his estrayed wife or her pastor. He rarely smiles, and his features are as calm as immovable as Mrs. Beecher's. Ex Judge Fullerton sat between him and Mr Moulton during the morning session.

In the afternoon Mr Tilton was the centre of a circle of his counsel, and made frequent suggestions to them. Mr Tilton's counsel referred several times in a sneering way to the spectators as Mr Beecher's audience, and one of them threatened to bring in a body of partisans at the next session.

THE [illegible] CROWD [illegible]

During the recess the tables of the counsel were moved, and it was charged that the Plymouth Church body guard were driving Mr Tilton's counsel into a corner near the bench. Although Mr. Tilton had only one friend close at hand besides his counsel, it was evident that he had many partisans in the audience, for when Mr Morris concluded the applause, although it was instantly checked, was emphatic and hearty. It came mainly from the gallery.

Among the spectators were the Rev. Mr Maynard, the Rev Mr Eddy of Jersey City, the Rev Mr Buckley, the Rev T DeWitt Talmage, who heartily sympathizes with Mr Beecher.

STARING.

The spectators throughout the court stared at the four principal actors in this scandal tragedy. The impression is a very natural one that innocence and guilt cannot look alike, and that the features of Mr Beecher and Mrs Tilton on the one side, or of Mr Tilton and Mr Moulton on the other, will under tension of excitement betray the stifled secret of treason and self loathing. Every partisan in the court room and outside of the bench and jury box—and nearly every spectator is partisan—is confident that he detects unerring traces of innocence or guilt in the upturned faces of the three men and one woman. The four faces cannot tell the same story of innocence, weariness and anxiety. The treason and [illegible] which must breed night shade in two of those souls are repressed and hidden away. The jury cannot decide this case on the merits of these facts.

THE GALLERY GOES WITHOUT ITS DINNER.

There was a crush in the court room morning and afternoon. About 3,000 applicants were turned away from the doors, and every foot of space inside was occupied. After running the blockade of the corridors the spectators were unwilling to surrender their places at noon, and the gallery lost its lunch, read the newspapers during the intermission, and when the proceedings were resumed listened with unabated interest. The morbid curiosity of the spectators and loungers in the corridors was illustrated at the adjournment of the proceedings at noon and at night. Files of people stood in the hall, and when the ladies appeared followed them pell mell to their carriages. A window leading to a high balcony in the rear of the court house was opened, and men and boys rushed out to take advantage of this coign of vantage until the balcony was black with spectators who were anxious to watch the departure of the ladies.

At the close of the proceedings in the afternoon neither counsel nor audience were permitted to leave the court until the jury had retired. The jury once outside the court room, there was a rush made for the doors by all the crowd except those who occupied the seats in the immediate vicinity of Mr Beecher, who lingered.

A VERY SINGULAR PIECE OF BUSINESS.

It was while the crowd was thus hastily dispersing that a remarkable incident took place. Mr Beecher, with a good natured smile and his usual genial manner, left his own counsel and stepped across the room to the table at which Mr Tilton's counsel sat, and reaching across it saluted Mr Beach and then shook his hand. Mr Tilton, with a stern expression upon his face, stood at this moment within two feet of the clergyman, but did not look in his direction, although he must have heard every word that was uttered.

"If"—said Mr Beecher to Judge Beach laughingly—"if I get out from between the paws of two such lions as you and Fullerton, I'll believe I am innocent, and that is what I came here to find out."

"You forget," said Mr Beach, pointing to Mr Evarts, "the Daniel standing among the lions and closing their mouths."

Mr Beecher placed one hand on Mr Shearman's shoulder and the other on Mr Evarts and remarked in a jocular form: "My lions are very harmless animals." Then turning to Mr Morris he said: "Let me present myself to you, Judge Morris."

The ex judge very coldly replied: "Mr Beecher."

The pastor of Plymouth church was not to be repulsed in this way and continued: "I notice that you lawyers like preachers know how to deliver long sermons."

There was a slight tinge of sarcasm in Mr Morris' tone as he retorted: "Yes sir, I had a long story to tell."

Mr Evarts joined in the conversation at this moment and playfully said: "Mr Morris, I noticed that you expatiated only on those things which were against our side."

Mr Morris answered in the same pleasant manner: "I thought you could attend to the other things much better than I."

By this time the counsel were surrounded by a large crowd of curious listeners, among the number Mrs. Beecher and several members of the Plymouth church. Mr Morris was on the point of leaving when Mr Beecher again addressed him: "Judge Morris, you should have come to me for a point or two. I could have put you up to some things which would have made your speech appear very different."

Mr Morris made no reply, and Mr Tilton, for the first time, cast a quick glance in which mingled hate and scorn were expressed at the speaker, and then turned to Gen Pryor. That gentleman had been listening to the conversation with an unmistakable look of disgust on his sharply cut features. Addressing Tilton, he made a brief remark in a contemptuous tone of voice, and the two left the court room together.

Mr Fullerton did not take part in the conversation, but looked on with an amused expression.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Victorians are getting anxious to see the mail carrier.

The Cassiar country wants a county court to be established there by the time the mining season opens.

The *Colonist* says: In 1874 57,908½ tons of Nanaimo coal, valued at $319,055, were exported seaward.

The Fraser is said to be frozen nearly to its bottom at Chilliwhack, and the ice has turned the stream into the old channel of 1858.

The ship *Sonoma*, laden with 1,550 tons of coal, was towed by the *Beaver* from Departure bay on the 22d ult and went to sea at once.

Mr Mark Bate, manager of the Vancouver Coal Company at Nanaimo, was elected first Mayor of Nanaimo by a majority of 17 votes.

Cattle in the upper country have not yet suffered from the cold weather, as the snow is not so deep as to prevent them from getting sufficient feed.

The ice in the Thompson river is heavier than has ever before been known, and if it breaks away with a rush, it is feared that the bridge at Cook's Ferry will go. On the day before the express passed, six of the piles in the main pier had been crushed by the ice.

The principal losers by the Barkerville fire are Miss Christopher, in whose house the fire originated, Mason & Daly, occupying one wing of the assay office building, T. R. Pettitlo, occupying the other wing, the Government of British Columbia, and Mr W Hitchcock; no insurance.

The Municipal Council of Victoria, having decided to allow all road tax payers, including Chinese, to vote at municipal elections without regard to qualifications required by law, the citizens have determined to test the legality of the late election by an appeal to the Supreme Court.

The weather has been colder in the upper country than ever known before. At Bridge Creek on the night of the 12th ult the thermometer indicated 50 deg, at Bates, 51 deg, at Van Winkle, 37 deg, at Clinton on the night of the 14th 45 deg. From Cache Creek to Lytton it fell as low as 30 deg, with a strong north wind blowing.

Shrewd miners and traders are already making active preparations for another assault upon the treasure vaults of the Cassiar, although there seems every reason to apprehend that King Frost will with his icy sceptre keep them back later than usual. Upwards of two thousand went there last year, and probably more than double the number will go this year.

On Wednesday of last week a small row boat arrived at Victoria from the lime kiln, San Juan island, bringing Harry Jones, an employee at the kiln, who had been shockingly injured by a blast. Jones set a match to a charge of giant powder, but it failed to go off. He returned to the spot and was driving home another charge when the first exploded, tearing Jones' hands in a terrible manner and destroying one eye.

Dr Moss, R N, the popular and able surgeon in charge of the naval hospital at Esquimalt, has received a telegram from the admiralty tendering him the appointment of surgeon of the Arctic expedition now fitting out in England. It is understood that Dr Moss has accepted the position, and that he will sail in the next mail steamer for England to join the expedition, which will sail from England in April or May next.

Geo Coggan of La Grande charges the rider of his horse Osceola, that he attempted to sell the race with the Seattle horse, having used morphine on Osceola and received commission to throw the race off. The project failed, as the race was won by Osceola. About $20,000 changed hands on the race.

Operations at the Salem woolen mills have been delayed recently by bursted pipes.

OYSTERS.

ALISKY & HEGELE'S
PREMIUM CANDY FACTORY,
No. 107 FIRST STREET.

N. B.—The only place where the justly celebrated
Pan-Roasts and Oyster Patties
ARE SERVED.

Gem Oyster Saloon!

THE PROPRIETOR ANTICIPATING a freeze up ordered a large supply of EASTERN OYSTERS by the last steamer, and also SHOALWATER BAYS by last steamer from Astoria.

If the blockade continues the GEM will have the Oyster Business Cornered.

N. B.—Our Oysters are all in a cellar away from the frost and will keep for months.

TO LET.

FOR RENT.

A SUIT OF ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, and one single room furnished in a private family and Board within five minutes walk of Front street. Inquire at THIS OFFICE.

REMOVED.

C. H. MYERS,
PLUMBER, GAS AND STEAM FITTER,
HAS REMOVED TO
Corner Front and Taylor Streets.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. tf

DOG LOST.

SMALL BLACK AND TAN TERRIER. REWARD. Apply to MILLER & ACKER, Livery Stables [illegible]
ja27f

A P HOTALING, San Francisco. } { E. C. [illegible]

A. P. HOTALING & Co.,
Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter
Old Bourbon Whiskey,
And Importers of
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.
431 Jackson St., San F[illegible]
And 25 Fr[illegible] St., [illegible]

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co
[illegible]
To Take [illegible] 4 A. M.
DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
As follows

PORTLAND AND [illegible]

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	7.30 A. M.	[illegible]	[illegible] P. M.
[illegible]burg	5.00 A. M.	[illegible]	[illegible] P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.
DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	4.50 P. M.	[illegible]	[illegible] P. M.
Albany	5.30 A. M.	Portland	[illegible]

FREIGHT TRAIN
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS [illegible]

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	6.15 A. M.	[illegible]	[illegible] P. M.
Junction	6.45 A. M.	[illegible]	[illegible] P. M.

The Oregon and California R[illegible] [illegible] connection with all Regular Trains [illegible]
Close connections are made at [illegible] with the Stages of the O[illegible] and C[illegible] Company.
Tickets for Sale to all the [illegible] California and the [illegible]
Cor. F and Front Sts., at [illegible]
PORTLAND
Storage will be charged on [illegible] Warehouse over 24 hours.
Freight will not be received for [illegible] o'clock P. M.
J. BRANDT, Jr., [illegible]
E. P. ROGERS
Gen'l Freight and [illegible]

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.,
[illegible]
To take [illegible] at 6 A. M.
Daily Trains will [illegible]
PORTLAND AND ST. [illegible]
[illegible]

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	[illegible] P. M.	St. Joseph	[illegible] P. M.
St. J[illegible]	7.00 A. M.	Portland	[illegible] P. M.

[illegible]
On and [illegible] trains run on Sundays.
Freight received at the [illegible] and will not be [illegible] 4 P. M.

Northern Pacific Railroad.
PACIFIC DIVISION.
[illegible]
KALAMA TO TACOMA
DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Kalama	11.30 A. M.	T[illegible]	[illegible] P. M.
Tacoma	6.30 A. M.	K[illegible]	[illegible] P. M.

CONNECTING
At Kalama with O. S. N. Co's [illegible] for all points on Columbia River.
At Tacoma with [illegible] for City [illegible]
At T[illegible] with [illegible] for all [illegible] Puget Sound daily and on Wednesdays [illegible] with Sa[illegible] for V[illegible]

SUMMER EXCURSION [illegible]
[illegible] Portland to Vi[illegible] via O. S. N. Co. N. P. R. R. and P. S. R. R. Co.
ROUND TRIP, [illegible]
To Tourists and Families [illegible] CLUBS OF [illegible] OR MORE, tickets [illegible] for the [illegible] will be sold for the above [illegible]
This route [illegible] and [illegible] trips on the Pacific [illegible]
Tickets for sale at the [illegible] of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.
J. W. SPRAGUE,
General Su[illegible]
H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
Gen'l Freight and Ticket Agent.

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GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!
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FALL AND WINTER
Clothing, Overcoats,
ETC., ETC.,
AT A REDUCTION OF
20 PER CENT. OFF, FOR CASH,
FOR THE
NEXT SIXTY DAYS,
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The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 4, 1875.

REDUCTION OF TAXES.

The m[illegible] ge sent by Mayor Failing to the Common Council, and read at the special meeting on Tuesday evening last, as well as the report of the Committee on Ways and Means read at the same meeting, shows a very satisfactory condition of the city finances. Notwithstanding the aggregate amount of taxable property, according to the assessed value, is $800,000 less than it was for the last year, the rate of taxation can be reduced nearly 25 per cent. below that of last year. All agree that business in the city is not so brisk as formerly, and that values shrank somewhat between the summer of 1873, when the assessment for 1874 was made, and the summer of 1874, when the present assessment was made. So there will [illegible] as [illegible] by the Mayor, a corresponding reduction of the amount received from licenses. To counterbalance this, the utmost has been done that could be done to reduce the current ex[illegible] and the [illegible] in this direction have b[illegible] ful as to bring the estimated current expenses for the year within the [illegible] a rate of taxa[illegible] year for the same purpo[illegible] previous to 1874 the expe[illegible] estimates, [illegible] the beginning of that year the city had a floating debt of $27,877 51, for the payment of which a 3-mills tax was levied. That tax, with a 7½-mills tax for cu[illegible] the levy of that ye[illegible] on the dollar. This year, the floating debt having disappeared, the levy [illegible] be about 7½ mills. That is the lowest point that taxation for city purposes has reached for many years.

So the [illegible] made to the people at the time of the election, that if they would ch[illegible] city [illegible] without re[illegible] to party politics, choosing men for their [illegible] for the office rather than for their devotion to [illegible] party, a reform in [illegible] and reduction of city taxes would be secured, have been real[illegible] is the kind of reform that is [illegible] everywhere. It can be understood and *felt* by the taxpayer.

Let it not be supposed we claim for those members of the city government who were elected on non-partisan tickets the sole credit of this reform. To do so would be to do an injustice to some of those who were elected before the non-partisan days. It is true that the reform dates from the year when the first reform ticket was elected, and that the movement to lift the government of the city out of the [illegible] strife caused [illegible] true that, the party spirit having once been broken, some of the [illegible] straight party [illegible] to carry forward the proposed reforms. Thus working together for economy of administration, [illegible] retrenchment wherever the public [illegible] would not suffer by it, the Mayor [illegible] who have [illegible] the[illegible] selves to the thanks of the community, and of the tax[illegible]

UNFOUNDED CHARGES.

We are [illegible] to see in the last number of the *Weekly News* charges against General O. O. Howard of conduct widely at variance with the earnest Christian life he [illegible] The [illegible] of these charges is, that General Howard has been in the habit of granting permits to [illegible] persons for the introduction of unlimited quantities of spirituous liquors into Alaska for purposes of traffic. To give force to this charge the *News* speaks somewhat at length of the evils that have already resulted from this practice of General Howard's, particularly referring to the conduct of two officers at Fort Wrangel who are alleged to have been incapacitated by drink for the duties they were required to perform.

What information the *News* may possess with relation to the condition and conduct of the two officers referred to we do not know, but from all we are able to learn in the pre[illegible] we are inclined to think it is as much in error on that point as it certainly is in respect to the course of General Howard; and its information with regard to him is wholly incorrect. The facts are just the reverse of the *News'* statement[illegible] So far from [illegible] ting or permitting the promiscuous traffic in liquor in Alaska, General Howard has used the discretion vested in him by law to discourage it. As authorized by law, General Davis, while in command of this department, granted permits to a few persons to carry liquors into that country. That policy [illegible] thought by him best calculated to prevent the worse evils of illicit traffic. General Howard upon taking command did not see fit to make an immediate and radical change, but preferred to wait and observe the results of the existing policy. Some two or three permits [illegible] granted [illegible] command. But being at last thoroughly convinced that the permits failed of accomplishing the results anticipated by General Davis, General Howard issued a general order, of which the following is a copy:

> H[illegible] DEPARTMENT OF THE COLUMBIA, }
> PORTLAND, Oregon, Jan. 21, 1875.
>
> *General Orders No. 2.*—In view of information received by the Department Commander that [illegible] heretofore given from these Headquarters, for the introduction, for the purpose of sale, of spirituous liquors into the Territory of Alaska, does not sensibly diminish the [illegible] and illicit traffic in the same, and as its introduction from all quarters has been a constant source of suspicion, [illegible] and crime, and a ceaseless trouble to the civil and military authorities, it is deemed best to revoke all existing permits.
>
> So far as the introduction of additional supplies of liquor, for the purpose of sale, is concerned, no permits will be given, and the existing will be limited to the stock on hand.
>
> This order is not intended to prohibit permits for such small quantities of wines and liquors as may be needed for medicinal use.
>
> The attention of officers, and through them of the citizens of Alaska, is invited to Act of Congress of June 30, 1834—entitled "An Act to regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian Tribes, &c., &c.;" and amendatory Acts of March 15, 1864, and March 3, 1873—the letter and spirit of which this order is intended to carry out.
>
> By order of Brigadier-General Howard:
> H. CLAY WOOD, Ass't Adj.-General.
> Official: J. A. SLADEN, Aid-de-Camp.

As it is presumed the *News* has been misled into making these grave charges, and would not willingly wrong General Howard, it will doubtless make the proper correction in its next edition.

TO BUY, OR TO STEAL—THAT IS THE QUESTION.

It is not easy to understand all the sayings of our neighbor, the *Bulletin*. In the [illegible] articles of a single number it [illegible] itself half a dozen times. Over and over is repeated the appeal for [illegible] to "buy" the bonds of the infamous outrage" perpetrated by the OREGONIAN in securing more extensive dispatches than the ring organ is willing to pay for, and in the same number are no less than three or four several declarations that the *Bulletin* has more and better dispatches than the OREGONIAN. In one breath the readers of the *Bulletin* are told the OREGONIAN has secured a monopoly of the telegraphic news, and in the very next we have the declaration that the former statement is wholly false, and that the *Bulletin* has abundant facilities for getting the dispatches superior facilities, in fact, to those possessed by the OREGONIAN. Which of these contradictory statements is to be believed? Both of them may be false; they cannot both be true. The OREGONIAN has a monopoly of the dispatches, or it has not. If it has, what means the *Bulletin's* repeated boast of its own superior advantages in getting telegraphic news? And if it has not a monopoly, what is all this fuss about?

We said both the statements of the *Bulletin* might be false. It is not true that the OREGONIAN has a monopoly of the dispatches, if the *Bulletin* or any other paper wants to pay for them. News which the OREGONIAN pays for, it supposes to be its own property whether it come through the telegraph or through the reporters which this journal keeps employed. The *Bulletin* is abundantly welcome to purchase and publish all the news it chooses.

Nor is it true that the *Bulletin* has better facilities for getting dispatches than the OREGONIAN, or that it has better or different dispatches. It published yesterday morning—or forenoon—the same dispatches. We admit its "facilities" are *different* from ours: it [illegible] dispatches from the OREGONIAN, and heads them, "Specials to the *Bulletin*." It did not go to press yesterday morning till some hours later than its usual time, remaining open to get an OREGONIAN and copy the dispatches, which it did. That explains why the *Bulletin* was not delivered to its subscribers till an unusually late hour. After all their virtuous indignation and its remonstrance against what it calls the unfairness of another paper purchasing, paying for its dispatches, and giving them to its readers, the *Bulletin* managers are thus proved not to be above the commission of theft when they can profit by it. According to the *Bulletin's* ideas of business honesty to pay for dispatches is a crime, but to steal them is honorable, and to tell falsehoods in order to conceal the fact of the theft from one's patrons altogether legitimate. It is hardly likely this sort of morals will go down with an intelligent and honest community. The *Bulletin* is welcome to [illegible] the matter, however, to its heart's content, so far as we are concerned.

A[illegible] ago the ring organ was puffing and blowing from day to day about its vast wealth and [illegible] and [illegible] ing contemptuously at the poverty of the OREGONIAN. We had a notion then that we knew about as much in regard to the OREGONIAN'S affairs as the *Bulletin* did, if not just a little more. And now when the OREGONIAN takes steps to give its readers more and fresher news, and the *Bulletin* sees it must do likewise or sink it changes its tune and we read this con[illegible] ion of its inability to stand in a fair competition: "It may be a very funny thing in the eyes of a millionaire to trip up half a dozen poor men who are running a Republican newspaper by using his thousands of income to purchase a monopoly and deprive them of a right to the telegraphic news."

Mr. J. S. Dickinson, agent for the sale of H. H. Bancroft's great book on the "Native Races of the Pacific," has handed us a copy of a letter from Oliver Wendell Holmes, speaking in the most flattering terms of Mr. Bancroft's work. The poet closes his letter to the author thus: "I cannot see why you should send me so costly and weighty a library of knowledge, but I bow to your superior wisdom, and I assure you that Robinson Crusoe never had a more interested reader among the boys, than I have been in following you through your heroic labor of skillful selection, arrangement and exposition of the immense mass of facts you have gathered by your enterprise and industry."

Yesterday, one who would take the *Bulletin* for his facts, would suppose the *Bulletin* was an enormously wealthy concern and the OREGONIAN as poor as a church mouse. To-day the same paper whines that the OREGONIAN uses its "vast wealth" to crush the *Bulletin*, by taking a larger amount of dispatches than heretofore, when the *Bulletin*, to use its own words, had "well founded hopes of the amount being reduced." This is a very sudden change of situation, surely. But the OREGONIAN having been in the lead in matters of news enterprise, did not propose to reduce. It goes forward, not backward.

A dispatch from Tallahassee (Fla), of 27th January, says: "The Legislature in joint assembly took two ballots for United States Senator, with no result, twenty-four persons being voted for. Neither party is united, and it is almost impossible to predict the final result. The Independents hold the balance of power, and will very likely dictate the rest. They incline towards the Democrats, but will not take a Bourbon."

Yesterday, Speer, of Pennsylvania, indignantly rejected the offer by Speaker Blaine of a place on the House Committee on Rules, giving as a reason, that he or any other Democrat "would be a cipher in the Committee." Speer probably has taken his own measure correctly, but why should he measure all other Democrats by himself.

If there is a monopoly in telegraphic news, it is our readers all over the State who get the benefit of it. We charge them no more than when we published the meagre dispatches taken under the old contract. A monopoly that enures to the benefit of the people all over the State and adjoining Territories isn't much of a monopoly.

Senator Logan's great speech on the Louisiana case was five hours long. It is generally spoken of in much higher terms than most of the Senator's efforts.

Which is the more honorable way for a newspaper to secure its news, to pay for it or to steal it?

The idea that there can be a monopoly of dispatches on account of the inability of a metropolitan newspaper to pay the pitiful sum of $12,000 a year for them! $12,000 a year won't make a monopoly of anything.

The Legislature of New Jersey, in joint convention on Jan. 27th, elected T. F. Randolph United States Senator for six years, by a strict party vote, over Secretary Robeson.

OREGON.

Stock about Dallas is generally doing well and making a live of it.

The winter exercises at the Baker City academy closed on the 29th ult.

The mail carrier from Ochoco to the Dalles was a week overdue last Saturday.

The Virtue Gold and Silver Mining Co. near Baker City, cleaned up about $15,000 in December last.

Samuel Adolph fills a vacancy in the Salem city council, occasioned by the resignation of Prof. Gatch.

Col. Fulton and Dr. McCurdy crossed the Columbia river, on Tuesday of last week, in a two-horse sleigh.

That acrostic to the *Farmer* brings out the last way to spell the name of our river: "Wiloamette." Good.

Along the John Day river, we are told, the snow is not more than one or two inches in depth and that live stock of all kinds are doing well.

The Oregon Senate and House journals of the Oregon legislature and the session laws, will be finished by the State printer in about two weeks.

Mr. D. M. Guthrie, of Polk county, calls on the *Record* and reports considerable sickness over there,—scarlet fever, and some deaths resulting therefrom.

La Grande lodge I. O. O. F., has a full regalia that formerly belonged to the Champions of the Red Cross, which they will dispose of at a heavy [illegible] ifice.

Mr. Joseph Beezley, of Wasco county, lost from 40 to 50 head of sheep, last week, by sickness of some kind not understood. Twenty-five died in one night.

A letter from Prairie City, Grant county, says that the snow there is 16 inches deep over the entire country and that a large number of cattle will necessarily be lost.

The steamer *Alice*, in coming down the river on Tuesday morning, when near Buena Vista, struck a snag and sunk in four feet of water. Her cargo will be saved.

A petition has been gotten up at the Dalles asking the city council to pass a law prohibiting boys under 15 years of age running the streets after 9 o'clock in the evening.

The illness of Mr. R. C. Kinney, of Salem, is aggravated by the breaking out of erysipelas in the afflicted limb, but his [illegible] hope to overcome that difficulty in a few days.

The Canyon City mail carrier brought the mail for the Dalles, for the last 30 miles in on his back, last week. The snow had drifted so badly that he could not travel with his team.

Our agent at Weston, writing under date of January 24th says: We are having splendid sleighing. The road across the Blue mountains from this place to Summerville is in splendid condition.

David Goff, a very old citizen, who lives near Dixie, and is father of Mrs. J. W. Nesmith, lies very ill of paralysis and is not expected to recover; also Mrs. McNary, an old lady, whose residence is near Eola, is ill and not expected to live.

On the upper John Day river, near Dayville postoffice, Grant county, the thermometer stood 20° below zero last week; the snow was but a few inches deep. Notwithstanding the severity of the weather, we are told that cattle are doing well in that vicinity.

D. & A. A. McCully, of Salem, have purchased 505 pigs in the last two months, weight, 89,545 pounds, and they have run through their market in that time 31,595 pounds of beef for Salem use. The pork has been manufactured into lard and sugar cured hams and shoulders.

From the *Record* we learn that about three o'clock last Tuesday evening, a little boy, son of Mr. Geo. Rowland, and a scholar at South Salem school, was excused to go out, and soon after, a pistol report was heard and the lad returned into the house and said he was shot through the breast. Examination showed a wound through the right breast near the nipple, and the child soon commenced bleeding also at the mouth and nose. The latest we can learn is that the Scoville boy, who is known as "Dee" by the boys, had an old Allen pepper box revolver which wouldn't go, so he was pricking powder into the nipple, holding the pistol against his breast, when it went off and shot little Rowland who was standing near by looking on.

TACOMA SAWMILL AND SHIPS.

The Tacoma sawmill has now been in running operation five years and three months, or since the first of November, 1869. During that period it has cut 63,000,000 feet of lumber, and sent away 119 cargoes.

The cut of 1870 and part of 1869 was 8,000,000 feet, and the number of cargoes shipped was 21; the cut of 1871 was 12,200,000 feet, and the cargoes numbered 28; for 1872 the record shows 13,000,000 feet of lumber cut and 22 cargoes; for 1873, 13,700,000 feet of lumber and 22 cargoes; and for the last year, 1874, 14,700,000 feet of lumber and 25 cargoes. Total to Jan. 1, 1875, 62,100,000 feet of lumber and 118 cargoes shipped. It is thus seen that the mill, in one way or another, is annually increasing its capacity; due principally, we believe, to better management and improved facilities. The number of hands is somewhat greater than in the first two years; but was the same in 1873 as in 1872, though a million more feet of lumber was cut in the last year. The cargoes, though about the same in number, are larger than in former years.

During 1874 the ship *Shirley* and bark *Samoset*, sailed by Captains Matthews and Martin respectively, have each made seven and a half trips to and from San Francisco. The *Shirley's* cargoes averaged 775,000 feet, and she carried more lumber into San Francisco last year than any other one vessel engaged in the trade. The *Samoset* averaged 470,000 feet to the cargo, and to her belongs the honor, in 1874, of the quickest round trip on record—21 days. The *Dashing Wave's* year will not expire till the 13th of March. She has already made seven round trips, and will probably a little more than complete her eighth in the year. Her average cargo is about 700,000 feet.—*Tacoma Tribune.*

MONTHLY WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY, DIVISION OF TELEGRAMS AND REPORTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF COMMERCE AND AGRICULTURE.

Table showing the Daily and Monthly Mean of Barometer and Thermometer, Monthly Velocity of Wind and amount of Rainfall, with the Prevailing Direction of Wind for the month of January, 1875.

Date. 1876.		Mean Daily Barometer.	Mean Daily Thermometer.	Rainfall.
Jan.	1	30.274	48.7	.68
"	2	30.472	46.0	.07
"	3	30.669	39.7	
"	4	30.272	42.0	.02
"	5	30.243	33.2	.13
"	6	30.227	34.9	.05
"	7	30.151	40.7	.49
"	8	30.548	24.2	.19
"	9	30.529	23.5	
"	10	30.096	27.5	.02
"	11	30.029	27.7	.14
"	12	30.258	19.0	
"	13	30.287	0.7	.05
"	14	30.153	10.5	
"	15	30.302	14.5	
"	16	30.322	14.2	.02
"	17	30.327	16.5	
"	18	29.950	15.0	.03
"	19	29.457	30.7	.81
"	20	30.025	40.5	
"	21	29.854	40.2	.93
"	22	30.189	39.5	.40
"	23	30.075	37.0	
"	24	30.013	35.2	.17
"	25	30.140	36.2	.07
"	26	30.345	31.8	
"	27	30.252	31.5	
"	28	30.345	31.7	.17
"	29	30.360	33.5	
"	30	30.313	31.0	.05
"	31	30.110	31.2	
Monthly mean,		30.211	30.3	4.49

Highest barometer, Jan. 8, 9 P. M., 30.605.
Lowest barometer, Jan. 19, 3 P. M., 29.494.
Highest temp., Jan. 2, 3 P. M., 53°.
Lowest temp., Jan. 14, 3 A. M., 3°.
Monthly range of temp., 50°.
Greatest daily range of temp., Jan. 19, 27°.
Mean of maximum temps., 35.9.
Mean of minimum temps., 24.6.
Mean daily range of temps., 11.5.
Total rainfall 4.49 inches.
Prevailing wind, east.
Total number of miles traveled, 4,159.
Maximum velocity of wind, Jan. 13th, 4 P. M., 30 miles per hour.
Number of cloudy days, other than those on which rain fell, six (6).
Number of days on which rain or snow fell, nineteen (19).

J. E. EVANS,
Sergeant Signal Service, U. S. A.
Portland, Oregon, Feb. 1, 1875.

DIED:

Near Dallas, Jan. 28, John, son of J. K. P. and Abbie Graves, aged about 8 years.
In Lewiston, Jan. 18, George Mitchell, aged 47.

NEW TO-DAY.

WOOL BLANKETS—FOR SALE AT 107 Third street, by JOHN WILSON.

GERMAN BOOKS, STATIONERY, LATE PAPERS, at C. von WINTZINGERODE'S Stark street, near Gas Office.

Willamette Engine Co. No. 1.—Annual meeting this, Thursday, evening at 7 o'clock.
J. K. MERCER, Secretary.

Vigilance Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1.—Annual Meeting, this Evening, at 7½ o'clock.
G. H. CLARKE, Secretary.
Portland, Feb. 4, 1875.

Columbian No. 3.—Annual Meeting this Evening at 6½ o'clock. H. BOYD, Sec'y.
Portland, Feb. 4, 1875.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual meeting of the Stockholders of Good Templars' Hall Association will be held at the office of Ball & Stott, No. 6 Dekum's Building, Portland Oregon, February 1[illegible] at 7:30 P. M.
By order of the Board of Directors.
RALEIGH STOTT, Secretary.
Portland, Feb. 3, 1875. fe3td

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Willamette River Transport'n Co.

ARE NOW READY TO RECEIVE FREIGHT for ASTORIA and intermediate points, to be forwarded as soon as navigation opens.
FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.
Portland, Feb. 3, 1875.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Oregon. Notice in Bankruptcy. In the matter of Gustav Kohlberg, bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by said Gustav Kohlberg, duly declared bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and liabilities and other claims provable under said act, and that the twenty-sixth day of Feb. 1875, is assigned for the hearing of the same before M. H. Northup, Esq. Register in Bankruptcy, at his office in Portland, in said District, when and where any person may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted. R. WILCOX,
Clerk of said Court.
fe4dlaw2t
Messrs. Whalley & Fechheimer, Att'ys.

MANILA PAPER ALL SIZES and WEIGHTS AT THE AGENCY OF CLACKAMAS MILLS, 72 Front street.

LINSEED OIL,

BOILED AND RAW, BARRELS AND Cases,

At the Lowest Market Rates.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

SPIRAL SPRING BEDS,

Four different kinds—the woven wire mattress the Flyn spring, selfadjustable, pure hair mattresses, moss, pulu, live geese feathers, are sold wholesale and retail by the

OREGON FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMP'Y, PORTLAND.

TO DRUGGISTS!

FOR SALE:—THE ELEGANT RETAIL

DRUG STORE,

Situated on the corner of First and Ash streets, adjoining Ankeny's Market. This Store includes one of

TUFT'S ARCTIC SODA FOUNTAINS,

And Apparatus, and a

PRESCRIPTION FILE,

The Highest Numbered of any in this city.

The Fixtures of the Store are of the most Elegant Design, and are unsurpassed by any in the city.

For Terms and further information, apply to
HODGE, CALEF & CO.,
ja3ned2w 75 Front Street.

L. H. WAKEFIELD | JOHN BARROWS.

WAKEFIELD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH,

And all kinds of

COAL.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF Produce, and personal attention given to the purchase and shipment of Merchandise and the sale of Oregon Produce.
San Francisco, Oct. 1, 1874.

VALENTINES! VALENTINES!

VALENTINES!

AN

Immense Stock!

Wholesale and Retail,

AT

J. K. GILL & CO.'S,

75 First Street.

VALENTINES!

NOTICE.

WE HAVE THIS DAY SOLD OUR ENTIRE Stock of Pictures, Frames and Mouldings to Messrs. BUCHTEL, STOLTE & MORSE of this city, who will continue the business at the same place, No. 77 First street.

Thanking the public for the liberal patronage bestowed upon us in the past we bespeak a continuance of the same for our successors in the future. We shall hereafter devote ourselves exclusively to the MUSICAL INSTRUMENT business.
G. A. STEEL & CO.
Portland, Jan. 25, 1875.

BUCHTEL, STOLTE & MORSE.

(Successors to G. A. Steel & Co.)

DEALERS IN

Pictures, Frames & Mouldings

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

ORDERS PROMTLY FILLED.

SUGAR AND RICE!

ON "FALKINBURG," NOW IN THE RIVER, 1,100 kegs SUGAR—"JAMES MAKEE" and Wailu-ku brands No. 1—

The Best that Comes to this Market,

AND

150 Bags Choice Hawaiian Rice,

For sale by
J. McCRAKEN & CO.
February 3, 1875.

REMOVED.

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,

Dentist,

Has removed to Room No. 4, Dekum's Building, cor. First and Washington streets. d&w

AMUSEMENTS.

THIRD

Annual Masquerade

OF THE

Portland Turn Verein,

AT THE RINK,

ON MONDAY EVENING, FEB. 8,

THE GRAND MARCH

Will commence at 9 o'clock, sharp.

ONLY THOSE IN COSTUME

Will be permitted on the floor previous to the unmasking, which will take place at 11.30 o'clock precisely.

Those in Costume will be required to present themselves for Identification.

PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED

For the finest Costume and the best sustained Character.

Tickets may be had at Allsky & Hegele's, Ackerman's, S. L. Stone's, and of the Committee of Arrangements.

The Ticket Office at the Rink will be open Sunday afternoon and all of Monday, when seats may be reserved.

Special Tickets will be issued to members of the Society, at their rooms, on Thursday evening, Feb. 4th.

ADMISSION:

Spectators	$ 50
Reserved Seats (with privilege of dancing)	1 00
Ladies' Masquerade Tickets	1 00
Gentlemen's	1 50

Children under 12 years, Half Price.

L. BRENCKLE,
A. MILLER,
J. QUANDT,
S. HOEFER,
J. BRENNER,
Committee of Arrangements.

Doors open at 7½ o'clock.

A GRAND FAIR!

For the Benefit of the

BETH ISRAEL SYNAGOGUE,

Will be given by the

Ladies of the Congregation,

AT PHILHARMONIC HALL,

ON FEBRUARY 15, 16, 17, 18 AND 20,

TERMINATING WITH A GRAND

Vocal & Instrumental Concert

On Tuesday Evening, Feb. 23, at Masonic Hall.

EXCELLENT MUSIC

In attendance every evening.

Numerous attractions will be offered tending to make this the affair of the season.

LUNCHES SERVED

From 11 A. M. to 2 P. M., and each evening.

THE

German Aid Society

OF THIS CITY

WILL GIVE A

Grand Bazar & Concert

ON

MARCH 15, 16, 17 and 18, 1875.

The Proceeds will be applied to the Erection of a German Hospital.

JUST RECEIVED

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE CELEBRATED "ANCHOR" BRAND

NAILS.

THE BEST NAIL IN MARKET.

Shelf and Builders' Hardware.

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

&c., &c., at

61 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.

JOHN R. FOSTER.

WINDOW GLASS.

350 BOXES,

AT COST OF IMPORTATION

FROM ENGLAND,

Sizes from 8x10 to 28x40,

IN LOTS TO SUIT.

FOR SALE BY

GEO. L. STORY,

PORTLAND.

Orders can be left with J. H. CRAWFORD, at KILBOURN'S AUCTION HOUSE.

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned under the firm name of DAVIS & SCHUYLER, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Ph. C. Schuyler retiring therefrom. All debts due the late firm become the property of T. A. Davis & Co., by whom all liabilities will be settled.

T. A. DAVIS,
PH. C. SCHUYLER.
Portland, Oregon, Feb. 1, 1875.

Referring to the above, the undersigned give notice that they have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of T. A. DAVIS & CO., for the purpose of continuing the business of the late firm of Davis & Schuyler, at the old stand, No. 71 Front street.

T. A. DAVIS,
F. K. ARNOLD.
Portland, Oregon, Feb. 1, 1875. fe2d6t&w2m

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between G. Bruggman, and H. Varwig, in the Pioneer Bakery, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. H. VARWIG will continue the business at the old stand, and is authorized to collect all dues and will pay all debts.

G. BRUGGMAN,
H. VARWIG.
Jan. 30, 1875. fe2d6t

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steamer

ORIFLAMME.

FRANCIS CONNOR..........Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1875,
At 4 o'clock, P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, SAN JUAN, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGEL and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES..........Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports,

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1875,
At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay & San Francisco

REGULAR STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE FAVORITE STEAMERS

EASTPORT,
J. F. WHITNEY..........Master.
EMPIRE,
C. H. BUTLER..........Master.

Make regular trips. Stages from Roseburg connecting with Steamers at Coos Bay.
F. SCHETTER, Agent, Coos Bay; D. BEADLE, Agent, San Francisco. 106 Davis street, near California. oc5d6m

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE STEAMER WELCOME will leave the dock foot of Ash street, (O. S. N. Co's wharf) at 6 o'clock A. M. every morning (Sunday excepted), for Oregon City, connecting with the Steamer ALICE on Monday and Thursday for Corvallis and intermediate points, and on other days with the FANNIE PATTON and E. N. COOKE, of which due notice will be given by Posters.

FARE, ONE DOLLAR.

For Butteville, Champoeg, Dayton and Lafayette, connecting with Steamer DAYTON on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Fare, 75 Cents.

All up freight to Corvallis or Lafayette and intermediate points for One Dollar per Ton.

Freight received on the Dock of the O. S. N. Co. or O. S. S. Co. for any of the above points.

Through Freights to Astoria forwarded without delay at the lowest rates.

All Freight delivered free of drayage.
J. D. BILES, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.
S. G. REED, Vice Pr[illegible]

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

Steamer "GOV. GROVER" for Corvallis, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

Steamer "WILLAMETTE CHIEF" for Albany, on Tuesday and Friday at 6 A. M.

Steamer "SHOSHONE" for Points on the Yamhill River, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

Steamer "BEAVER" for Astoria, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.
FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

OHIO!

INDEPENDENT LINE!

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER,

OHIO,

Leaves the Wharf foot of Alder street, Portland, for Salem, Albany, and all intermediate points, on Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week. Leaves Albany on return, Mondays and Thursdays, until further notice. No delays on account of low water. Rates of freight reasonable. For any further information apply on board, or to Frank Dodge, Agent, on the wharf.
n2ltf U. B. SCOTT, Master.

Astoria to Oysterville.

The Steamer FAVORITE, carrying the U. S. Mails, leaves ASTORIA and UNITY on Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, connecting with the O. S. N. Co's boats. On intermediate days the Boat can be chartered for any business that offers.

Through freight to Oysterville will be receipted for on the O. S. N. Co's wharf at Portland, and through passage can be secured by applying to Pursers of the Company's steamers. J. C. FOX,
d17d3tawtf Agent, Astoria.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,
JAS. W. TROUPE, Master,

WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM WASHINGTON Street Wharf, for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.
For freight or passage apply on board.

GROCERIES.

HACHENEY & SIEMMK,

GROCERS,

Cor. First and Taylor Sts.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF

FRESH GOODS.

PROMPT ATTENTION. FREE DELIVERY.

WANTED!

WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST PRICE for good lots of

Wheat, Barley, Oats, Potatoes,

&c., &c., &c.

EVERDING & FARRELL.

GEORGE MORROW. | WILLIAM SCOTT.

GEO. MORROW & CO.

GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

CALIFORNIA AND OREGON PRODUCE.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

30 Clay St., and 28 Commercial St., San Francisco.
Refer by permission to R. C. KINNEY, Salem, Ogn. s12d6m

AUCTION AND CO[illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON, AUCTIONEE[illegible]

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK [illegible]

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL [illegible] CHANDISE AND HORSES.

[illegible] Days—Wednesday and Sa[illegible]

At Private Sale.

[illegible] assortment of GROCERIES and Li[illegible] Liberal advances made on Consign[illegible] To parties declining Housekeeping, I will [illegible] that I will purchase Second-Hand Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Au[illegible]

Regular and Peremptory Sa[illegible]

OF

Furniture, Groceries, Gen[illegible] Merchandise, Etc.

SATURDAY, [illegible]
At 10 o'clock A. M.,

GROCERIES

50 bxs Navy TOBACCO,
8,500 La Matilda CIGARS,
275 bxs C. O. SOAP,
200 bxs Fancy SOAP,
50 chests Japan TEA,
50 bxs WASHING POWDER.

ALSO,

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.

ALSO,

20 sets Steel FIRE IRONS,
8 doz GALVANIZED BU[illegible]
5 doz Eng. FRY PANS.

ALSO,

PICTURES and FRAMES,
HAT RACKS, &c.

ALSO,

BEDROOM, DINING-ROOM AND KITC[illegible] FURNITURE.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Au[illegible]

INSURANCE.

Fireman's Fund Insuran[illegible]

OF CALIF[illegible]

FIRE AND MARI[illegible]

Assets Exceed - $[illegible]

OREGON BRANCH [illegible] [illegible] EDWARDS HALL,

[illegible] STA[illegible]

Investment & Insura[illegible]

COMPANY,

OF SAN FRA[illegible]

FIRE AND [illegible]

Incorporat[illegible]

Cash Assets, [illegible]

OFFIC[illegible]

FRANK DONAHUE, [illegible]
CHARLES H. CU[illegible]

This Company has [illegible] surance [illegible] the Lowest Paying [illegible] according to its own [illegible] The und[illegible] have [illegible] Agents for the above C[illegible] to accept [illegible] and Marine Risks at equ[illegible]

A. P. [illegible]
OF [illegible]

General Agents for O[illegible]
N. B.—Agents wa[illegible] Territory.

BUSIN[illegible]

A. [illegible]

Professi[illegible]

AFTER RIGHT [illegible] Teaching Music, [illegible] citizens of Portland. Will receive Pupils on [illegible] Violin.
Orders may be left at G[illegible] Residence at Mrs. Tayl[illegible]

E. M. BURTO[illegible]

ARCHIT[illegible]

Over H. Bovd's Insu[illegible]

Bet. Washington and [illegible]

PORTLAND.

H. W. DILG[illegible]

Locksmith, Safe-Maker & [illegible]

Washington Street, between [illegible]

MY PATRONS AND CUSTO[illegible] me at the above [illegible] notice to do any kind of work in [illegible] Locks and Safes repa[illegible] at [illegible] No. 1 style. Bells hung in [illegible] models made to order.

R. DINSMO[illegible]

Money loaned on real [illegible] ty. Legal Tenders [illegible] BOUGHT. Inte[illegible] coin. Exchange on S. F.

BOOTS AND SH[illegible]

MADE TO O[illegible]

IF YOU WANT A [illegible] [illegible]

HALL, [illegible] & C[illegible]

WA[illegible]

PURE WHITE LEA[illegible]

NEW YORK.

50 Tons White Lead Pa[illegible]

IN

Tin Pails of 25 pounds each
Wood Kegs of 250 lbs [illegible] 100 lbs
Wood Kegs of 50 lbs [illegible]

FORFEITED IF ADULTERAT[illegible]

For Sale to the Trade in Lots to Suit by
A. HAYWARD, Sole A[illegible]
ja22d1m2p 224 CALIFORNIA STRE[illegible]

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHA[illegible]

Corner First and Pine St[illegible]

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTA[illegible] Merchandise, Furniture, Etc.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and [illegible]

A general assortment of Merchandise at pr[illegible] sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, A[illegible]

Don't Overlook [illegible]

FOR $7,000; ORIGINAL LEAF, $[illegible]

Title Perfect, Terms Easy.

MY ELEGANT RESIDENCE, ON THE NO[illegible] east corner Taylor and Twelfth stree[illegible] 1 and 2, Block 308, is for sale.
ja4 2m J. M. G. KAI[illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY [illegible]

BARK MURIEL.—This vessel, which [illegible] here on Tuesday night, now lies [illegible] Willamet Iron Works' wharf, [illegible] mence to discharge ballast [illegible] direct from Queensland, Australia, [illegible] days in accomplishing [illegible] mouth of the Columbia. [illegible] ascending as far as St. Helens, [illegible] ballast was thrown out to enable the vessel [illegible] come up by way of the slough. While at [illegible] point the cold weather came on and [illegible] the river, and for 22 days the vessel was [illegible] bound. The *Muriel* [illegible] vessel, the present being the [illegible] voyage yet made. She [illegible] clean and in good [illegible] worthy of note [illegible] and no accidents. [illegible] outward cargo of the [illegible]

PASSENGER LIST.—The [illegible] of passengers on board the steamer [illegible] which sailed from San Francisco [illegible] yesterday: W. L. [illegible] wife, Mrs. S. [illegible] Fannie Delachern, [illegible] Bailey and wife, [illegible] Prescott, A. C. [illegible] Thos. Davenport [illegible] W. Burt [illegible] Palmer, L. Blum, J. G. Walker and [illegible] Read and wife, N. Dubos, [illegible] E. L. Yengain and [illegible] Paine and wife, Mrs. [illegible]

FUNERAL.—To-day [illegible] funeral of the young [illegible] drowned on Saturday [illegible] the rooms of the [illegible]

[illegible]

Meeting at the [illegible] at 7:30 o'clock. [illegible] at the beginning.

The meeting at the Taylor street M. E. church last evening was [illegible] much interest [illegible] a meeting this evening, commencing at [illegible] o'clock. A number of well-known [illegible] gentlemen will [illegible]

By special request, Rev. Dr. A. L. Lindsley will deliver a lecture in the [illegible] of the Presbyterian church this evening, at 7:30 o'clock. Question for discourse: "How does a person embrace the Gospel." A full attendance is earnestly desired. A cordial invitation is extended [illegible]

The [illegible] of the Congregational church was completely filled [illegible] ing last evening [illegible] words of wonder at the [illegible] birth;" and [illegible] life in-breathed by the [illegible] evening there will [illegible] at 7:30 o'clock.

Travelers should [illegible] They are easily [illegible] and do not require washing [illegible]

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J. M. G. KALLICH.

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 4, 1875.

CITY NEWS.

BARK MURIEL.—This vessel, which reached here on Tuesday night, now lies alongside the Willamette Iron Works' wharf, and will commence to discharge ballast to-day. She came from [illegible] Island, Australia, and was 87 days in accomplishing the passage to the mouth of the Columbia. Crossing the bar and [illegible] as far as St. Helens, a portion of the ballast was thrown out to enable the vessel to come up by way of the slough. While at that point the cold weather came on and closed up the river, and for 22 days the vessel was ice-bound. The *Muriel* is comparatively a new vessel, the present being the first deep-water voyage yet made. She comes to this port neat, clean and in good sailing trim. No sickness worthy of note occurred during the voyage and no accidents. Wheat will constitute the outward cargo of the *Muriel*.

PASSENGER LIST.—The following is the list of passengers on board the steamer *Oriflamme*, which sailed from San Francisco for Portland, yesterday: W. L. Halsey and wife, J. Kelly and wife, Mrs. S. Pott[illegible], Mrs. J. B. Price, Miss Fannie Delschern, Miss Annie Brown, Smith Bailey and wife, J. Egan and family, G. W. Prescott, A. C. Farnsworth, Thos. Davenport, Z. W. [illegible], J. T. Haveland, J. Simmons, S. D. Stevens, Jas. Laidlaw, G. W. Truver, Rev. C. Fisher, Jas. Walton, J. S. Walton, F. E. Palmer, L. Blum, J. G. Walker and family, T. R[illegible] and wife, N. Dubes, M. J. Kinney, J. Jam[illegible], S. Baer, B. L. Lewis, C. P. Church, Mrs. E. L. Yergain and son, Mrs. R. Denny, M. P[illegible] and wife, Mrs. Butts, Mrs. M. E. [illegible] and son, W. Fernald, C. H[illegible], F. M. F[illegible], and wife, F. W. Grover and wife.

FUNERAL.—To-day at 10 o'clock A. M. the funeral of the young sailor [illegible] Griffeth, drowned on Saturday night, will take place from the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association. As he had neither friends nor relatives, and was [illegible] means at the time of his death, the [illegible] expense would have fallen upon the [illegible] had not the members of the Y. M. C. A. [illegible] a kindly interest in the matter. [illegible] on Tuesday to raise funds to defray the funeral expenses, giving the body a [illegible] burial. A [illegible] sum was raised among the members of the association and the obsequies will be [illegible] to-day under the auspices of the society.

[illegible].—At a meeting of the stockholders [illegible] Tuesday the following gentlemen [illegible] directors of the Odd Fellows' Hall [illegible] to serve the ensuing year: [illegible] St. John, John Kenworthy, Joseph Le Grand, A. G. Walling, C. von Wintingerode, [illegible] Dalph, Vice President, and Charles [illegible], Treasurer. A dividend of 1 per cent. was declared, which shows that the affairs of the association are in a prosperous condition. At the meeting of the directors named above, on Saturday, the President and Secretary will be [illegible].

CALLED IN CONSULTATION.—We regret to announce that Mr. R. C. Kinney, of Salem, who has been confined to his bed for some time, rendered almost helpless from the effects of an accident which happened to him, was taken [illegible] ill a few days since. Great concern [illegible] felt for the result of his illness by the [illegible] and family of Mr. Kinney. Dr. W. H. Watkins, of this city, was hastily summoned [illegible] on Tuesday, to consult with [illegible] physicians as to the best course to be [illegible] under the circumstances.

[illegible] INCORPORATED.—Articles of incorporation [illegible] in the office of the county [illegible] by M. [illegible] H. B. Nicholas, W. R. [illegible] be known as the "[illegible] Library [illegible] of Portland" [illegible]. The [illegible] is the de[illegible] of the [illegible] of its members by [illegible] of a literary character [illegible] a good library. Estimated [illegible] property pos[illegible] $[illegible].

[illegible] W. Simmons and [illegible] proprietors of an ex[illegible] of the Wallamet [illegible] own a cow [illegible] rather takes the lead [illegible]. During one [illegible] fifteen [illegible] sweet butter [illegible] the milk furnished by this [illegible] of the year, the [illegible] somewhat [illegible] the cow which can [illegible].

[illegible] WILL AND T[illegible].—In the county [illegible] day the last will and testament of [illegible] Dr. I. A. Davenport was admitted to probate. The following [illegible] were named [illegible] as executors of its provisions: [illegible] Boyd, H. S. D[illegible] and Chas. [illegible]. The court appointed the following as [illegible] of the [illegible]: Chas. [illegible], P. W. D. Hardenb[illegible] and Walter [illegible].

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. [illegible] Station of Observation, Portland, [illegible], February 3, 1875:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thermometer	26°	32°	29°
Wind, direction	E.	E.	Calm.
Wind, velocity	3	2	0
Weather	Fair.	Clear.	Clear.
Minimum temperature			28°

[illegible] SHAFT.—While the steamer *Ohio* was on the way down to this city, yesterday, [illegible] shaft [illegible] driving the wheel was [illegible]. Capt. Scott temporarily repaired the [illegible] under the circumstances, and [illegible] in reaching the city. The [illegible] is not [illegible] and can [illegible] in a few [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible] elections this evening.

The remains of Thos. Bennett will be buried [illegible].

[illegible] still [illegible] at Coffin Rock; also at [illegible].

The Dalles mail arrived yesterday and has [illegible] again.

No [illegible] from the steamer *California*, soon due [illegible] from Sitka.

[illegible] Quigley was admitted to citizenship [illegible] day in the county court.

[illegible] *Annie* [illegible] was not able to get [illegible] Kalama yesterday; will go down again [illegible].

W. L. Halsey, Esq., and James Laidlaw, British Consul, are among the passengers coming by the *Oriflamme*.

This morning the schooner *Hays* will be towed down to Weidler's saw mill and receive on board a deck load of lumber for San Francisco.

The steamer *Oriflamme* will be due here [illegible] San Francisco on Saturday; but it looks very dubious at present about her being able [illegible] Portland.

[illegible] fire alarms were struck last month—the first on the 4th ult., being the only one that caused any loss that of the Chinese [illegible] on Second street.

RELIGIOUS.

Meeting at the Baptist church this evening [illegible] o'clock. There will be a short sermon [illegible] beginning.

The meeting at the Taylor street M. E. Church last evening was well attended and much interest was manifested. There will be a meeting this evening, commencing at 7 o'clock. A number of well-known Christian gentlemen will speak.

By special request, Rev. Dr. A. L. Lindsley will deliver a lecture in the vestry of the Presbyterian church this evening, at 7:30 o'clock. Question for discourse: "How does a person embrace the Gospel." A full attendance is earnestly desired. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The vestry of the Congregational church was completely filled on the occasion of the meeting last evening. The leader read Nicodemus' words of wonder at the doctrine of the "new [illegible]" and many testified to the reality of the life breathed by the wind-like Spirit. This [illegible] there will be held a "promise meeting" at 7:30 o'clock.

Travelers should wear Elmwood collars. They [illegible] easily, wear well, look nicely, and do not require washing [illegible].

VIRGIL S. EGGLESTON.

The following brief review of the promotion, fall and [illegible] of the man who was once honored by the title of Major V. S. Eggleston, Paymaster, U. S. A., we clip from the Troy (N. Y.) *Times*, of Jan. 15th:

"The doors of the Albany penitentiary yesterday closed upon a young man whose brief history is indeed a sad one. His name is Virgil S. Eggleston, and he fell from one of the most responsible and honored positions in the United States. Born of greatly respected parents in the village of Palmyra, in this State, he received a good education and was prepared to discharge with credit and intelligence the duties of a worthy if not a prominent member of society. He possessed influential friends, who secured for him a position in the paymaster-general's department of the army. While residing in Washington and performing with fidelity the duties of a clerk in the employ of the government, he became acquainted with the daughter of Henry Wilson's landlady, and eloped with her. They were married, and returned to the maternal domicil. Mr. Wilson now interested himself in the young man, whose character was excellent, morals unexceptionable and intelligence superior. With the assistance of other friends, Mr. Wilson procured for young Eggleston the position of paymaster in the regular army, with the rank of major. His appointment was one of the last acts of Andrew Johnson's administration. The fact that he had been taken from civil life and given a position in the army, which so many lieutenants and captains coveted, caused Eggleston to be regarded with a jealous eye, and from the start he was unpopular in the service. Major Eggleston was in the Modoc war, and was one of the first to enter the lava beds after the cruel murder of General Canby. His heroism gained him some favor with the officers, and his military career now became more promising."

After giving an account of the embezzlement of the money, the reckless dissipation which led to it, the court-martial and the final sentence (all of which circumstances are well known to our readers), the *Times* adds: "President Grant approved the proceedings of the court, but, with a generous indorsement regarding Eggleston's bravery in the Modoc war, fixed the limit of the imprisonment at ten years. Yesterday Col. John Green, of the regular army, and Capt. M. C. Wilkinson, of Gen. Howard's staff, committed Major Eggleston to the tender mercies of Gen. Pillsbury. His history is a sad one, and there is great sympathy felt for him by a large circle of friends."

STEAMER GEORGE S. WRIGHT.

From the Victoria *Colonist* of Jan. 28th we obtain the following in relation to the lost [illegible]:

Certain facts have leaked out from reliable Indian information that lead us to believe that some of the people of the lost steamer *George S. Wright* reached the shore at a little bay south of Indian Cove, and built a hut there. Shortly after the wreck four canoes filled with Campscott and Tsatsquot Indians, from Deane canal, on their way to Victoria, in passing Cape Caution saw the wreck and went ashore. They remained there at least a week. Some Bella Bella Indians in the meantime were on a visit to some friends at an inlet leading up from Slingsby's channel. They saw the canoes and Indians on shore. On the return of these Bella Bellas north they thought that they would go ashore also. They saw a hut, and inferred that the builders thereof (who were evidently white men) had taken passage with the Campscott Indians to Fort Rupert. They saw bottles and corks lying about the hut and other evidences of the recent presence of whites. They saw, also, three life-buoys hung on the trees at Cape Caution, and the wheel-house of the steamer, which had been made to serve as a raft, by having several planks newly nailed to it, lying on the beach. As the white men were never afterwards heard of, the Bella Bellas believe that they were murdered by the Campscott and Tsatsquots. The hut was washed away by the next high spring tides; but many relics of the lost vessel are still to be met with strewed along the beach near Cape Caution. Up to a short time ago two spars were to be seen on the sandy beach of a little cove, but they are now completely buried by the action of the tides upon the sands.

INQUEST HELD.

An inquest was held yesterday morning over the body of Thomas Bennett, the particulars of whose sudden death were published in our last issue. Several witnesses testified before the jury, and an examination was made of the remains by Dr. W. B. Cardwell. From the sworn testimony of the physician, it appears that the blood which was vomited forth by deceased prior to his death could be reasonably accounted for as the direct effects of an overdose of Kennedy's Medical Discovery, which is known to contain an instant poison as one of its ingredients; and the evidence went to show that the deceased had taken, shortly before his death, a poisonous dose of the above mentioned medicine. In view of all the facts elicited, the jury rendered the following verdict:

State of Oregon, County of Multnomah—Inquisition taken at the undertakers' rooms of Ewry & Cook, in the city of Portland, on the 3d day of February, 1875, and before J. A. Wetmore, coroner of said county, upon viewing the body of Thomas Bennett, then and there lying dead, after being duly sworn, the jury do find that deceased came to his death by an overdose of medicine known as Kennedy's Medical Discovery.

W. T. CAMPBELL, Foreman.
R. S. Henley, J. M. Stiles, W. A. Smith, W. C. Wetmore, John Cresse.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON.—C F. Perkins and wife, Seattle; C C. Miller, Seattle; A Wheeler, Shed's Station; P C Hetzler, Salem; D P Pendleton, Tumwater; H Waldron, Olympia; W P Belden, Minn; A H Hentes, Indiana; W J Cox, R P Earhart, Salem; Hill Harman, Miss Emma Harman, Steilacoom; G W Rook, Mr Hitts, Beaverton; Chas Bebee, Port Townsend; F Johns, Freeport.

COSMOPOLITAN.—Chas Rose and wife, F A Frank, S F; F H Matthew, Butteville; M B Hendrick, Wheatland; Wm Munks, W T; Chas Meyher, Seattle; Chas Hall, S F; Wm T White, S P White, Jackson Abel, Sauvie's Island; A J Hanston, Scio; John Kelly, Oregon City; F E Smith, Kalama; Hazard Stevens, Olympia; F Bants, Albany; R M Demain, W T; Thos Elington, St Helens; J T Miller, R A Barker, A Wilson, Salem; L Holmes, Vancover; W P Burns, Oregon City; D M Zuthric, Dallas.

OCCIDENTAL.—R W S Homer, Cornelius; W W Price, Yoncalla; Geo Smith; F Wortman, Oregon City; James Imbree, Miss Joele, Miss Emma Cornelius, Miss Anna Manzy, Cornelius; J J Fowler, Glencoe; Geo Morrow, Hillsboro; Geo Martin, Glencoe; J Hatch, steamer *Ohio*; B M Watts, Salt Works; W Manzy, Forey Grove; Chas O Pelland, Champoeg; Joshua [illegible], Sauvie's Island; L L Rowland, Salem; C Pearce, Albany; G W Roork, Beaverton; D M Guthrie, Dallas; J Harvy, S F; C P Burkhart, Albany; E M Thomas, Jefferson; C D Simpson, Allen Parker, Albany; C F Royal, Lafayette; A Van Eaton, Miss Evan, Miss Van Eaton, Salem; J M Stott, Sandy; A B Morris, Albany; Noah Hester, Andy Wright, Yamhill; B S Perkins, Reedville.

NATIONAL.—R C Ramsby, Silverton; H Gibson, Kalama; Geo Brawley, Iowa; Wm Whitney, J C Buchanan, Butteville; A Chittendon, Sandy; Jos Copeland and wife, J L Ladd, St Helens; Mrs Gilliki, Lewis River; G B Goss, Scappoose; W J Cromwell, J G C Bridges, Jerome Bridges, Salem; J McPherson, Scappoose; J H Cornelius, Chas Cowers, Glencoe; J Campbell, W T.

L. R. C.

The following is the treasurer's report of the Ladies' Relief Society for the month of January, 1875.

Balance from December report		$ 983 67
Received in January:		
From fines and dues	$28 75	
From Philomathean Society entertainment	10 00	
From board of child at "The Home"	5 00	
From interest on certificate of deposit	10 35	54 10
		$1,037 77
Payments in January:		
For expenses of "The Home"	$99 50	
For medicines	12 40	
For charities outside of "The Home"	22 25	134 15
Balance in treasury		$ 903 62

MRS. THEO. WYGANT, Treasurer.
February 1, 1875.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Wm. B. [illegible] and wife to Michael Bottler; lots 2 and 3, block 77, C[illegible]'s addition; $1.

C. A. Reed to Wm. W. Page, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 6; $1.

BOARD OF TRADE.

[REGULAR MEETING, FEB. 3, 1875.]

The Portland Board of Trade met at their rooms at 7:30 P. M., Hon. H. W. Corbett, president, in the chair.

The minutes of the last regular meeting and the intervening special meeting were read and approved.

A communication from Joseph Kohn, tendering his resignation as a member of the board, was read and laid over.

PILOTAGE ON THE BAR.

The following communication from the president of the board of pilot commissioners was read:

PORTLAND, Jan. 13, 1875.

WM. REID, ESQ., Secretary Board of Trade—*Dear Sir:* Your favor of Dec. 19th asking for an increased number of pilots for the Columbia river bar, was duly received and laid before the board of pilot commissioners. The board of pilot commissioners unanimously concurred in the request, and officially notified Captain Flavel, the managing owner of the pilot tugboat, of the same. The board have a meeting at Astoria Jan. 26th instant. Anything which the board can do to further the interests of commerce, under the law governing us, shall be cheerfully done.

Resp'y yours, WM. WADHAMS,
Chairman Board of Pilot Com'rs.

THE BARK WINDWARD.

The following communication, together with the accompanying report from the Canadian paper, was read.

PORTLAND, Feb. 2, 1875.

WM. REID, ESQ., Secretary Board of Trade—*Sir:* I beg to subjoin a copy of the report by me to my owners of the stranding of the bark *Windward*, which my owners have thought proper to publish in the Canadian newspapers.

As the matter materially affects the shipping interests of your port, I beg that you will give it your earliest attention.

I remain, your obedient servant,
A. R. HIGGINS,
Master bark *Windward*.

HOW THE BARK "WINDWARD" CAME TO GET ASHORE IN COLUMBIA RIVER, OREGON.

Captain Higgins, of the barque *Windward*, has forwarded to the managing owners, Messrs. Hall & Fairweather, of this city, the following statement of the cause of the barque getting ashore in the Columbia river. As the statement is of interest to shipowners generally, we give it in full:

ASTORIA, Dec. 9, 1874.

On the 30th of August I left Montevideo, nothing particular occurring till the 24th November, the night of which we made Cape Disappointment light. As soon as light enough to proceed, set Jack forward for a pilot and proceeded towards the bar; backed and filled two or three times, standing off and on. Saw no signs of a pilot. Towards night saw three vessels going in; followed them; saw a steam tug putting, as I thought, pilots on board the vessels ahead. I confidently proceeded, supposing I would get one, too; but as I came within half a mile of the bar, which was breaking all across, the tug went in and left me. I continued to follow the other vessels, and when inside the bar the tug came within hail and told me to go back, to go to sea again, that I had no business there. I asked him where the pilots were, and why I could not get a pilot. He told me to go out, that he would talk to me some other time about that; and that was all the satisfaction or information I got, and he went off and left me.

I then wore ship and went to sea, being in great danger of getting ashore, it falling calm. I flashed lights for some time for a steam tug to haul the ship away from danger; none appeared. About 8 P. M. the breeze sprang up from the eastward, and I got out to sea and lay by till daylight. I then started early and was the head vessel bound in. When nearly in the tug came out and near enough for the captain to wave his hat for me to tack ship, which I did immediately. He then went to the off shore vessels—thought put pilots on board of them—and again went inside the bar, leaving me out. Later in the day the above vessels went in over the bar, and I followed them. When nearly to the bar the tug came out to within hail. By this time I was very much annoyed at the usage I was getting. I asked him why I could not get a pilot; if he was going to give me one; if he was one to come on board. He answered he had no pilots and that he would not come on board, but asked me if I wanted a tow. I asked him to give me a pilot, and then I would talk to him about towing, and if he would not, he might go, which he immediately did, and I followed after and got over the bar all right; but on proceeding up the river, intending to anchor when in a little better place, one of the buoys being shifted as on my chart, I touched bottom. I am confident I would have met with but little detention and no injury, but fifteen minutes after I touched, the iron bark *Cordova*, with pilot on board, grounded three times her length astern of me, and the next high water, she drawing a little less water than we did, was coming into us, it blowing and storming at the time. I had to slip my best bower anchor, with 30 fathoms of cable, and in consequence drifted further and further on to the shoal; and again on the next high water, I had to swing the vessel's head round on the shoal, with her sails, to keep clear of the *Cordova*. So from one cause and another, I kept getting into shoaler water, until the 29th, when she lay high and dry at low water and the tide ebbing and flowing into her.

During the time I was on the sands no person came near, except the tug, once, the day after getting ashore. I asked him to come on board. He said he would be back presently, and never came again. They were trying, however—the two tugs (only two here of any account)—to get the *Cordova*, I suppose because one of their pilots was on board. While both vessels were trying the use of their sails, and the tugs on the *Cordova*, her head came round in contact with the *Windward's* fore-rigging, carrying away one shroud of fore-rigging, topmast and top-gallant backstays, and the foretop-gallant mast came down by the run, doing some damage to the hull and taking away the *Cordova's* jib-boom and head gear. I was greatly surprised, the day after grounding, to find the vessel full of water, knowing she had not thumped hard enough to do damage.

After arriving here I found to my surprise that there are but one or two pilots in the place. Had this been explained to me the first day I would have understood it. Had I known the tug was the pilot boat, bound to assist vessels, I would have known what to have done. Being ignorant of these matters, I wish to protest against the system of pilotage and towage of this river. It is too bad, after bringing the vessel to the mouth of the river, then after a reasonable time not to be able to get a pilot to take her in, and after getting ashore, not to be tendered assistance, and finally to have the same parties who are bound to keep tugs and pilots for the bar, get five times as much as it is worth to assist the vessel off. I paid $3,500 for towing her off to Astoria.

The above is a true and honest statement of facts, which may at any time be verified on oath of myself, mates or crew.

I have made but few comments, and many minor incidents are necessarily excluded.

I am yours, A. R. HIGGINS, Master.

RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

Copies of telegrams from Washington to General Michler concerning the plans for improving the channel of the Columbia river, proposed by H. I. Chapman, civil engineer, were read, as was also the request of Gen. Michler for permission to examine any diagrams, plans, etc., in possession of the board.

CONGRESSIONAL LETTERS.

Letters were read from Senators Kelly and Mitchell, acknowledging the receipt of memorials from the board asking aid to the Oregon Central Pacific railway, the improvement of the Wallamet and Columbia rivers and the reciprocity treaty with the Hawaiian Kingdom. Both Senators pledged themselves to do all in their power to forward the objects for which the memorialists prayed.

FREE TRADE.

The following communication from Representative Nesmith, in reply to communications from the board, was read.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10, 1875.

WM. REID, ESQ., Secretary Portland Board of Trade—*Dear Sir:* I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 24th ult., together with the memorials of the Board of Trade upon the subject of a reciprocity treaty with the Hawaiian kingdom, and also upon the subject of the improvement of the navigation of the Wallamet river. These memorials I shall take pleasure in presenting to the House of Representatives to-morrow.

Permit me to say that in my opinion the questions upon which these memorials treat are of the greatest and most vital importance to the commercial prosperity of the city of Portland, and also to the State at large, struggling as she is under the operation of a tariff system, which paralyzes all her industries, blights her prosperity and oppresses her people. One of the memorials asks for the removal of physical obstructions to commerce; the other demands relief from the more odious and oppressive obstructions created by the folly of man in vicious legislation. I heartily concur in the prayers of both, and will exert the little power I possess to procure favorable action. In this connection permit me to say that in my opinion congressional legislation has done more to obstruct your free commerce than all natural or physical causes combined. Your port is beset and guarded with a tariff system, more fatal to your commercial prosperity than all the mud deposits or sand bars combined.

I am in favor of the removal of all such obstructions, and would not confine its operations as suggested in the memorials to present existing legislation against the "*Free importation of sugars below the grade of 12 Dutch standard*," but would extend the free list to embrace iron, steel, hardware, salt, boots or shoes, hats or caps, cotton and woolen fabrics, and many other articles of which our people are great consumers, and upon which they are so heavily taxed, but for the benefit of the National Treasury, and to enrich by an odious and unjust system of "protection," the classes of our own manufacturers, who have fattened and grown rich upon the spoils of the people's industry and honest toil.

The prosperity of Portland is greatly dependent upon her foreign commerce; upon that same foreign commerce depends the prosperity of our large agricultural population, for a market for their productions. In this respect the interests of the city and country are identical. Then would it not be the part of wisdom to foster and encourage that commerce upon which so many vital interests are dependent? And if so, how could that object be more effectually accomplished than by such a modification of our tariff laws, with reference to other articles so largely consumed, as the Board of Trade asks Congress now to extend to sugars below the grade of 12, Dutch standard.

If the condition of our revenue laws, which now permit foreign ships to enter our ports, but practically prohibits them from bringing cargoes, were so modified as to encourage the importation of foreign articles of consumption, could not the cargoes thus imported pay a large per centage of the ships' charters and thus enable the producer in Oregon to obtain these articles of consumption at greatly reduced rates and also enable them to ship their productions to foreign markets at about one-half the price of tonnage now paid as charters to ships which come to our shores in ballast? In other words, would not the price of the charter for the round trip be divided between the incoming and outgoing cargoes?

I fancy that it will not be denied that the price of transportation is a charge against the article transported, and that in whatever amount the charge of transportation is reduced, a corresponding amount goes into the pocket of the producer. Thus it appears to me that an approximation to free trade acts in two-fold for the benefit of the Oregon producer, as it would greatly reduce the price of his imported articles of consumption and at the same time greatly increase the home value of his surplus products.

If I am not guilty of an impertinent intrusion of my own crude notions of the laws of trade upon the highly respectable and intelligent Board of Trade of which you are the secretary, permit me to say, in conclusion, that I am in favor of the greatest and most extended "reciprocity of trade," not only with the Hawaiian Kingdom, but with all the rest of the world, and would be glad to see such reciprocity cause our harbors to be filled with the ships of every nation, and our merchants and people permitted to enjoy the full benefit of that sound maxim which is older than any organized board of trade, viz: "Buy what you can buy the cheapest, and sell where you can sell the dearest;" a maxim which is replete with political economy, and commends itself to the common sense of mankind.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your ob't serv't,
J. W. NESMITH.

NEW MEMBERS.

The applications of Messrs. F. Zan and A. G. Hamilton for membership in the Board were read, and the committee having reported favorably on them, they were duly elected to membership.

MANUFACTURING INTERESTS.

Captain Ankeny, of the special committee on manufacturing interests, reported progress in the matter of gathering information in regard to the subject matter referred to the committee, and asked for further time to prepare a full report. Further time was granted.

Mr. A. S. Gross offered the following resolution, which was read and referred to the special committee on manufactories.

WHEREAS, Manufacturing industries are much needed in the city of Portland, and nearly all the cities of the United States for the purpose of encouraging such manufactories to be located within their midst, do pass ordinances remitting taxation for ten to fifteen years upon the capital invested in approved manufactures; and,

WHEREAS, This Board is of the opinion that the city of Portland should act likewise; therefore,

Resolved, That we request the Mayor and Council of the city of Portland to pass an ordinance exempting from taxation for ten years to come the entire capital of whatever and all manufactories not now in operation as shall be established within the city limits, each of which shall employ fifty hands, provided, that such manufactories shall be erected within the next two years.

Resolved, That the Secretary forward a copy of this resolution to the Mayor, that the same be signed by the President and Secretary under the seal of the Board.

MARINE INSURANCE.

Col. McCraken offered a resolution to the effect that as marine insurance companies and underwriters are accustomed to make invidious discriminations against vessels coming into the Columbia river, and in favor of those going to San Francisco, that the secretary be instructed to prepare a list of all vessels crossing the bar during the past seven years, designating such vessels as had met with accident on the bar, and forward copies of such list to all the leading marine insurance companies in the United States and Europe, and also request such companies to reduce their rates of insurance to those now charged on vessels going to or departing from the port of San Francisco. The preamble and resolution were adopted.

BUSINESS ON THE TABLE.

The resignation of Jos. Kohn as a member of the Board was taken up and accepted.

The letters from Senators Kelly and Mitchell and Representative Nesmith were on motion placed on file.

Col. McCraken, Wm. Reid and D. Macleay were appointed a committee to forward a supplementary memorial to Congress, asking that the provisions of the proposed reciprocity treaty with the kingdom of Hawaii be so modified as to permit the importation of sugars below the grade of 18 Dutch standard.

The secretary was requested to furnish Gen. Michler with Chapman's plans for the improvement of the Wallamet and Columbia rivers, and such other material, now in possession of the Board, as were requested.

The letter from the President of the Board of Pilot Commissioners was, on motion, taken from the table and placed on file, and the thanks of the Board of Trade were returned to the Pilot Commissioners for their prompt action in the matter referred to.

GENERAL AVERAGE.

Mr. E. Failing moved that a committee be appointed to prepare and report to the Board a plan for the adjustment of cases of General Average. The motion prevailed, and E. Failing, E. D. Backenstos and P. C. Schuyler were appointed as such committee.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Colonel McCraken offered a resolution thanking the *Commercial Herald* of San Francisco for favorable notices of our State, which was unanimously adopted.

The committee on statistics asked further time to report, which was granted.

Resolutions and memorial to Congress relative to the canal and locks at the Cascades were read and referred to the committee on commerce.

The Secretary was requested to procure for the use of the Board certain specified books, charts, etc.

The committee appointed to solicit subscriptions to aid defraying the expense of printing documents for distribution by the State Board of Immigration reported that $181 had been subscribed, which they were instructed to turn over to the Immigration Board.

On motion the Board adjourned.

CIRCUIT COURT CALENDAR.

The following is the docket of the State Circuit Court at the February term, which will convene next Monday:

LAW CASES.

5040	O. S. N. Co. vs E. W. Perin and J. A. Clifford.
5047	F. E. Eldridge vs. C. S. Kingsley.
5048	W. T. Newby vs O. C. R. R. Co.
5049	X. J. Barrett vs Turnbull & Leahy.
5051	A. M. Loryea vs Jos. Knott & S. S. Douglass.
5052	Russell, Ferry & Woodward vs A. S. Mercer.
5053	M. A. Carlisle vs Rachel Stewart et al.
5054	J. McCraken, adm'r, vs P. Mooney & Jno. Quinn.
5057	A. Cohen & Co. vs W. S. Ladd & Co.
5059	Angeline Kennard vs H. C. Leonard et al.
5069	A. J. Chapman vs H. R. Leonard et al.
5072	H. H. Johnson & Co. vs W. J. Peters et al
5080	David Cole et al vs Wm. Smith et al.
5087	O. & C. R. R. Co. vs City of Portland.
5094	John Catlin, Assignee, vs W. W. Nelson.
5098	Mrs. V. Dallamette vs Bridget Gallagher.
5147	Hodge, Calef & Co. vs David Monnastes.
5150	W. H. Gray vs Seldon Murray.
5154	Theo. Ralfes vs E. F. Russell.
5161	Wm Corbett et al vs C. S. Silver.
5190	W. H. Meir vs D. B. Hannah.
5148	Wm. Byrd vs Dalles Military Road Co.
5191	Wm. Cornell vs C. H. Friendly.
5206	James Loomis vs Wm. Gatton.
5207	" " vs Henry Wilson.
5213	R. Williams vs Geo. H. Himes.
5217	T. McKay et al vs Salem Flouring Mill Co.
5226	W. P. Doland vs G. J. Watts.
5236	Wm. Strong vs Sam Pooia et al.
5262	A. J. Knott vs J. A. Porter.
5263	A. J. Knott et al vs J. A. Porter.
5273	J. N. Dolph vs W. H. Watkinds.
5281	L. White & Co. vs A. B. Gleason.
5287	Bernard McKenna vs Thomas Duckett.
5288	R. Welch, admr, vs H. Boyd et al.
5291	Thomas Tice vs Angeline Kennard et al.
5292	State of Oregon vs Joseph Knott et al.
5293	State of Oregon vs W. W. Thayer ex et al.
5300	H. How vs Wm. Cornell et al.
5303	S. F. Paddock vs R. D. Hume.
5304	B. Dougherty vs John Norris.
5305	C. Caughlin vs Sorensen & Taylor.
5310	John Flynn vs J. T. Williams.
5311	John Rafter vs James L. Hempburn.
5313	M. J. Gleason vs P. Fay.
5315	State of Oregon vs Elizabeth Proebstel.
5190	X. J. Failing vs Charles Barrett.

EQUITY CASES.

5045	Chung Wing & Kong Tai vs D. Jacobi.
5000	R. J. Ladd vs Medorum Crawford.
5102	S. G. Elliott vs Ben Holladay et al.
5104	Ben Holladay et al. vs S. G. Elliott.
	Portland A. & F. S. vs Philip Saunders.
5110	F. M. Warren vs J. P. O. Lownsdale et al.
5111	" " " "
	G. W. Taylor et ux vs J. P. O. Lownsdale et al.
5114	John Thomas vs Sarah E. Thomas.
5115	W. A. Holbrook et al vs W. W. Page et al.
5123	Geo. P. Carlisle vs Mary E. Carlisle.
	Thomas H. Cox vs W. H. N[illegible]irk.
5127	O. & C. R. R. Co. vs J H Lappens.
5130	Abrams, Hogue & Lawrence vs C. A. Reed, et ux.
5131	Geo Reid vs R. J. McWilliams, et al.
5140	A. Myers vs C. Beal, et al.
5145	Michael Taylor vs Catherine Taylor.
5174	Patrick Forrester vs G. C. Robbins, et al.
5175	Mary Quint vs Geo. Quint.
5198	John Foster vs Matilda Foster.
5210	Joseph Paquet vs Thos. Ryan, et al.
5211	Jacob Bauer vs Thos. Tice, et al.
5215	Ellen E. Ennis vs V. Ennis.
5216	Wesley G. Jean vs Jos. Simon.
5219	Ph. C. Schuyler, guardian, vs J. B. Harber.
5221	R. S. Granger vs Peter Johns.
5260	Annie Ryan vs Thos Ryan.
5264	Wm. Strong, adm'r, vs W. H. Barnhart.
5274	F. G. Ewald vs Ira Goodnough
5278	Jos. W. Trutch vs D. D. Bunnell, et al.
5282	Mary Wetmore vs W. C. Wetmore and J. P. O. Lownsdale.
5289	D. P. Thompson vs W. J. Stevenson.
5290	H. A. Allan vs W. J. Stevenson, et al.
5292	Mary E. Maughan vs Jno. H. Maughan.
5299	J. E. Frush vs C. V. Frush.
5307	F. Kraft vs Anna Kraft.
5308	David A. Johnson vs H. A. Johnson.
5314	G. A. Harding vs R. and D. F. Nelson.
5316	Edwin Wood vs W. A. Holbrook et al.
5317	Caroline Vantine vs First English Evangelical Lutheran church et al.
5319	Jas. K. Wilson vs A. P. Delin et al.

CRIMINAL CASES.

5157	State of Oregon vs H. D. Palmer.
5203	" " " " S. Cardiff.
5233	" " " " Jerry Dunn.
5264	" " " " Lee Gan.
5285	" " " " Frank Carte.
5286	" " " " Tom Moore
5295	" " " " John Dougherty.
5296	" " " " Thos. Green.
5297	" " " " Chas. Harris.
5298	" " " " John DeBoest.
5321	" " " " Ned Kennedy.
5322	" " " " John Wesley Parker.

RESOLUTION ON THE DEATH OF DR. DAVENPORT.

At a meeting of the British Benevolent Society, held last evening at the office of Messrs. Corbitt & Macleay, the following resolution was unanimously passed:

Resolved, That by the death of Dr. Davenport, the Hon. physician of this society, we have lost a warm and generous friend, one whose place it will be found difficult to fill. Always ready to aid the distressed, his skill and benevolence greatly furthered the objects of this society, and by his death we feel that the poor of Portland have suffered an irreparable loss.

EAST OF THE MOUNTAINS.

The following was the state of the weather last evening east of the mountains at 6:30 o'clock:

Walla Walla—Weather cloudy; thermometer, 16°.
Wallula—Weather clear; thermometer, 12°.
Dalles—Cloudy; thermometer, 20°.
Umatilla—Cloudy; thermometer, 15°.
Cascades—Cloudy; thermometer, 25°.

Thousands have tried that coffee, and Fabre & Barnes continue to dispense it at Central Market.

The winter is fairly upon us. We must keep warm no matter what the cost. Don't go about like a frozen man, but straighten up and boldly enter the establishment of BECK & WALDMAN, and ask them to show you those heavy winter goods. They'll do it, and what's more, will not astonish you with big prices because of the cold weather. On the contrary, they propose to make their patrons happy by clothing them well, and at the same time charging a low price to suit the present times. Don't wait until it is too late, but go now.

If you would keep warm buy yourself a big Overcoat, Gloves, and last but not least, good Underclothing, all of which KOHN, opposite the National Bank keeps in large quantities. You can be suited without a doubt. In addition to the above he has a fine assortment of Dress Suits, Furnishing Goods. The prices are down—like the thermometer is just now. Don't wait until the winter is over and be in misery, but buy now while the prices are down.

Cause of Nervousness.

The maladies which above all others cause nervousness, are dyspepsia, billiousness and constipation. The great sympathetic nerve which connects the epigastric region with the brain, is always injuriously affected if the stomach and bowels are disordered: a permanent derangement of the functions of those organs reacts by sympathy upon the entire nervous system. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters in restoring tone and regularity to the digestive apparatus, and overcoming constipation, permanently remedy the nervous complaints which originate in alimentary weakness or disturbances. They are the very best nervine that can be used. By eradicating the exciting causes of nervous weakness, they permanently overcome the disability itself. But this is not all. By checking the maladies which cause nervousness, they build up anew the system weakened and depleted by nervous disease.

Get rid of your Cough by using JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.

CITY FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP,
JOHN HONEYMAN & CO.

HAVING recently rebuilt and enlarged our W[illegible] orders for any Work in our line, viz:
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY ENGINES, GRIST AND SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, IRON FRONTS.
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS of every [illegible]
Repairing promptly attended to.
ja17dly

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS
Incorporated September 14, 1865,
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREETS.
P. FITTBOGEN, Secretary.........PHILIP TAYLOR

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER MAKERS, &c.
MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE
High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Grist Mills; Quartz, Mining and Agricultural M[illegible]
WATER WHEELS, of several patterns, equal to any im[illegible] any size.
REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly [illegible] neatness and dispatch.
THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San F[illegible] the use of them.
Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam P[illegible], the best in use. A[illegible] Preparation for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale.
DeGroot's Ornamental Iron Fences; a variety of Beautiful P[illegible] House Castings, Etc., Etc.
ja1 tf
JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent.

BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS,

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange
(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on
SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO.

Bills of Exchange,
Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on
LONDON, HONG KONG,
PARIS, BERLIN,
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND.
Designated Depositary and Financial Agent of the United States.
President.........HENRY FAILING.
Cashier.........JAMES [illegible]

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.
INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.
LETTERS OF CREDIT [illegible] available in the Atlantic Cities
SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS; payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.
SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in [illegible] to suit, direct on
LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital $1,562,500
[illegible] POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE [illegible] Avenue,
BRANCHES
In Vancouver [illegible], British Columbia; San Francisco [illegible]
AGENCIES
In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.
Exchange for Sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland,
New York and Canada
INTEREST ALLOWED on [illegible] at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of [illegible] months and upwards.
Approved Bills discounted or Collected. [illegible] made on available collaterals.
EDWIN RUSSELL, [illegible]

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,
NO 6 POST STREET, MASONIC TEMPLE, San Francisco. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit—Dividends paid Semi-Annually. Loans made on approved security. Certificates of Deposit issued payable at New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and the principal cities of the Atlantic States and Canada. This Bank solicits the patronage of all persons. Wm. H. Culver, President, F[illegible] Smith, Vice President; H. T. Graves, Secretary, [illegible] das E. Pratt, Attorney.

BLUE LICK

WHISKEY.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated brand of Kentucky Whiskey, I am in receipt of an invoice of the same in barrels, half barrels and cases, which I am prepared to offer to the trade, at [illegible] rates.
H. FLECKENSTEIN,
SOLE AGENT,
Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors,
No. 147 First, near Taylor street.

PRISONER ESCAPED.

J. D. BROWN ESCAPED FROM THE PENITENTIARY on the night of Jan. 28. Is five feet four inches high, had on No. 5 shoes, twenty-five years old, dark brown hair, hazel eyes, dark complexioned, powder burned under right eye, rather full face, thin beard, may be tattooed on right fore-arm. TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD is offered for his arrest and delivery here.
W. H. WATKINDS.
Salem, Jan 29, 1875.

Treasurer's Notice.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, Jan. 29, 1875.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE IS money in the Treasury applicable to the payment of the following warrants drawn on the Treasury since the 14th day of September, 1874, to-wit: Nos. 292, 293, 373, 374, 381, 386, 391, 395, 404, 405, 394, 397, 403, 407, 408, 418, 431, 385, 450, 477, 478, 450, 487, 488, 489, 451, 452, 457, 459, 461, 498, 492, 491, 494, 446, 496, 497, 498, 499, 508, 449, 500, 511, 512, 514, 515, 516, 517, 520, 521, 522, 523, 525, 529, 530, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 544, 542, 543, 546, 548, 549, 551, 552, 566, 567, 582, 899.

Interest on the above warrants will not be allowed after this date.
A. H. BROWN.
jan. 29d4w State Treasurer.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, January 21, 1875.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds now on hand in the Treasury applicable to the payment of warrants drawn on the Treasurer since the 14th day of September, A. D. 1874, to-wit: Nos. 96, 244, 245, 264, 265, 266, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 268, 270, 280, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 282, 290, 291, 318, 308, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 320, 321, 322, 304, 305, 323, 325, 327, 379, 326, 331, 336, 337, 338, 339, 334, 345, 335, 346, 348, 351, 352, 353, 354, 358, 361, 340, 306.

Interest will not be allowed after this date.
A. H. BROWN, State Treasurer.

WHEAT & MORGAN,

SANTA [illegible]

FORWARDING

L. R. HARRIS

For [illegible]

STAR LINE

No. [illegible]

Liberal Advances

FAIRBANKS

PLATFORM SCALES

WAREHOUSE

1,300 to 6,000

WAGON

6,000 to 15,000

HAY SCALES

FAIRBANKS'

WARRANTED THE STANDARD

FAIRBANKS' PAT'T.

For Sale by all [illegible]

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

J. SIMON & CO.,
50 FRONT
DOORS AND BLINDS,
WINDOW
ENAMELED GLASS
PRICES
Call [illegible]

STOVES,

AGENCY for

Wells, Fargo & Co's

HAVING [illegible]
COLLECTIONS made
EXCHANGE

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION
PUBLIC READING ROOM

LOCAL AND EASTERN PAPERS AND MAGAZINES
citizen and stranger
always welcome.
Noon meetings daily, except Sundays
till 1 P. M.
Room No. 1, over [illegible] & Tilton's Bank, corner of Stark and First streets.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

LADIES TO RING AND DANCE
have been
at once to [illegible]
New Adelphi
hours of 10 a
Ladies to sit
necessary
Apply at Stage
entrance Oro

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, FEB 4, 1875

LOVE AND LABOR

We die not all for our deeds remain
To crown with honor or mar with stain
Through endless sequence of years to come
Our lives shall speak when our lips are dumb

What though we perish unknown to fame
Our tomb forgotten and lost our name
Since naught is wasted in heaven or earth
And nothing ceases to which God gives birth

Though life be joyless and death be cold
And pleasure pall as the world grows old
Yet God has granted our hearts relief,
For love and labor can conquer grief

Love sheds a light on the gloomy way
And labor hurries the weary day
Though death be near and life be hard
Yet Love and Labor shall win reward

If Love can dry up a single tear
If lifelong Labor avail to clear
A single web from before the true
Then Love and Labor have won their due.

What though we mourn we can comfort pain
What if we die so the truth be plain
A little spark from a light [illegible]
Shall kindle others and glow a fire.

We are not worthy to work the whole
We have not strength which may save a soul
Enough for us if our life begin
Successful struggle with grief and sin.

Labor is mortal, and fades away
But Love shall triumph in perfect day
Labor may wither beneath the sod
But Love lives ever for Love is God

—*Chambers' Journal*

HOW MR BEECHER TAKES IT

[N Y Sun, Jan 9]

The Plymouth Church members who went to the Friday night prayer meeting, early last night, talked about the jury in the [illegible] suit in the city court "I don't know what to think of those twelve men" said one brother to another "They are hard to read" "Yes" said the other, but you may be sure the law you know who they are." The lecture room was very much crowded. Ald Whitney sat on the pulpit steps, looking weary and worn after a week's hard labor in helping to get a good jury for Mr. Beecher Mr Beecher sat in [illegible] time, and looked troubled, and there was little of that rollicking, joyful good feeling that has made Plymouth lecture-room such a pl[illegible] of resort.

Mr. Beecher sat in his arm chair without taking off his cloak or overshoes There was a troubled, dark look on his face that had only been seen at one other prayer meeting [illegible] and he was solemn in voice and in [illegible]. When his congregation sang he looked far away and did not join in the music. When his brethren prayed he carried his dark fixed look back of his hand and seemed to [illegible] than join in the petition. Prof [illegible] B. Sprague, formerly of Cornell University and at this time a member of Dr Buddington's church, prayed "Oh God bless the pastor of this church and its people, who in the past have been so dear to Thee Carry them safely and victoriously through every struggle and trial, and may they come out of the trial through which they are called to [illegible] purer and better"

[illegible] Beecher's talk was about revivals

Mr Beecher described how men who were [illegible] worked than their [illegible] men "It was" he said, "a real sense of patriotism that held the South together in unexampled allegiance in extremes of great poverty 'Do you remember,' he added, kindling to his best the first Sunday that we heard of the gun at Sumter that fired on our flag? I remember it if you don't How everybody who objected to meddling with the South turned round about and said to those who thought differently, I am with you now How people who were too sick to go to church stood on the corner of Henry and Pierrepont streets, [illegible] until they were red in face Then [illegible] of foreign interference [illegible] only [illegible] that to sweep all [illegible] and away Now this [illegible] is used in war, and in fashion, and in politics, and why not in religion? It heals [illegible] in a neighborhood and destroys enmities"

Mr. B[illegible] his talk, acting out the [illegible] of Deacon Hezekiah and brother Hubbell, who, in a congregation, have been feeling ill toward each other, but who, at a revival, with [illegible] to their eyes, come forward and made up, and promised not to do any more.

This spirit of mirth left Mr Beecher in a glow, but as his brother Edward spoke after him more seriously, he sank into depression again

Dr. Edward Beecher said "It has been [illegible] now in session that there has been an uncommon quietude there and a great absence of excited feeling My conception of that is that the judge and jury are within the sheltering of a divine influence brought about by the thousand prayers that are ascending from this church"

Mr. Beecher announced that, as every day this week the members had met in daily prayer, so they would meet this morning, and, if desirable every morning next week

SOUTHERN CHIVALRY.

CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE PARTIES IN THE LAY TARDY DUEL.

[From the Atlanta (Ga.) Herald.]

The shock to the community yesterday on hearing the news of the fatal duel at or near Grand Bay station was so great and so sudden that we refrained from telegraphing you until we could give a statement of facts which we give without comment, for reasons obvious at the time

The duel took place yesterday morning at 11 45, on the stage line, the weapons used being dueling pistols, fifteen paces The toss for position was won by Capt P M Murphy, [illegible] the word by Col J M Williams, for Mr Tardy

At first fire Mr. Tarday fell, shot through the right side, on a line with the heart, and [illegible] instantly

The origin and details of this unhappy affair [illegible] sufficiently in the following.

Mobile, Dec 21, 1874 —Mr. D B Lay Sir —Your attempt to strike me this morning demands an apology or other satisfaction as is usual among gentlemen This will be handed to you by my friend Col James M Williams, who will receive any communication you may desire to make.

Your ob't servant, A H TARDY.

Mobile, Ala, Dec 21, 1874 —Mr A H Tardy Sir—Your note of this date at 3 45 P. M, by Col J M. Williams, is before me You state therein that your attempt to strike me this morning demands an apology" etc I can only say, sir, my attempt, as you are [illegible] to term it, was made upon what I conceive to be a most excellent reason namely I had reason to believe, and I do now believe, that you were the author of the anonymous communication published in the Dec No of the *Spectator*, and signed 'Gulf City,' which article, I assure you, sir has caused me great grief and chagrin, and which I believe fully merited the punishment I inflicted upon you

If this explanation should not prove satisfactory to you, then I refer to my friend Capt. P M Murphy, who will arrange with your friend any further preliminaries which you may desire. I am, sir, respectfully, your obedient servant BENJ D LAY

Delivered by Capt. Murphy to Col Williams at 5 50 P M

Mobile, Dec 22, 9 15 A M —Captain Mr A. H Tardy has placed in my hands a communication from Col Benj D Lay, dated Dec 21, 5 P M and received through you I observe with regret that instead of tendering the frank apology expected it is devoted to a justification of the assault which has brought on this correspondence Permit me to call your attention to the fact that a personal indignity can not be justified among gentlemen the excellent reason for giving a blow would necessarily be an excellent reason upon the part of the gentleman assaulted to receive it without resentment So long, therefore, as the affront remains we cannot enter upon a discussion of the matters urged by Col Lay in explanation of the assault Respectfully your obedient servant

JAMES M WILLIAMS

To Capt P M Murphy

Mobile, Dec. 22 1874 —Col. J M Williams—Sir The terms of meeting are as follows Grand Bay station, to-morrow morning 23d inst, after the arrival of the train at that point Weapons dueling pistols The distance to be determined on or after our arrival Most respectfully,

P W MURPHY

I agree to the above

JAMES M WILLIAMS

The Cariboo *Sentinel* says the Vancouver Coal Company are importing from England a diamond rock boring machine, which is calculated to work wonders in piercing hard rock

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

Wednesday Evening February [illegible] 1875

Gold in New York 114¾

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying, 88 selling 89

Legal tenders in San Francisco 89¼ buying, 89¾ selling

Sight exchange on San Francisco, coin ⅛ dis count currency ¼ of 1 per cent prem

Sight exchange on New York coin ¼ of one per cent prem and currency ⅛ of one per cent

Price of Sterling exchange in New York $4 84½@4 88

Gold bars 725@7 0

Average California wheat ex warehouse is quoted by latest telegrams from Liverpool at [illegible]s 8d per quarter Oregon ditto [illegible] 6d Cargo cargoes for prompt shipment are quotable in Liverpool at [illegible] per quarter ditto in Cork 4[illegible] The European markets are all reported dull and cargoes for shipment find slow sale

Private telegrams from New York note a still further rise in the price of gold as above and there is some speculation as to the cause The principal reason assigned is the immense shipments of specie to Europe which were made in January and likely to continue during the current month and through March Others assign the passage of the bill relating to finances by Congress but we see no force in the argument that that measure would produce such a result The present is the highest rate reached for a year the lowest point touched in that time being 10[illegible] The bill to resume specie payments may have a deranging effect in the future, but at present its operation is too far ahead to exert any material influence on values

The Produce Market.

In this line we find but few matters of general interest the receipts by boat being quite large but no important change in the condition of the markets or prices being noticed Wheat is still offered at a rate in advance of what exporters think they are justified in paying The best quotation furnished us at present is $1 37½ and other exporters say $1 [illegible] is all the cereal is worth Very few transactions are occurring In flour oats and feed there is a good local trade and some shipments are being made to northward points Barley is not in active demand and prices are nominal Bacon and other provisions are in fair request and firm at our last quotations Choice butter is scarce and prices for such well sustained Eggs are quotable at 25 cents per dozen with a slightly increasing supply Poultry is in good request at current rates Wool hides and tallow still in light receipt and unchanged in price

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship Oriflamme sailed to day from San Francisco for Portland with a full cargo and a large number of passengers Will probably arrive Saturday if the Columbia is open

The bark Muriel is now discharging ballast at the Willamette Iron Works wharf

A prominent wheat exporter informs us that quite a number of grain vessels will probably arrive within the next 30 days.

We notice reported in our San Francisco exchanges the recent charter of the ship Kate Davenport to carry wheat from that port to Cork for [illegible]

Private advices from San Francisco report the loss of the American ship Gen. Fairfield heretofore reported on the way to this port.

The bark Spirit of the Dawn is due at Astoria

[BY TELEGRAPH]

San Francisco Feb 3 —Arrived—steamer Empire Coos bay

Sailed—Schooner Big River, Coos bay U S schooner Wm L Marcy surveying cruise bark Aureola Seattle U S steamer Pensacola Honolulu Br ship Hindostan Queenstown Peruvian ship America, No 5 Nanaimo steamer Oriflamme Astoria

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH]

San Francisco Feb 3 —Flour extra—$5 [illegible]
Wheat—$1 [illegible]
Barley—$1 40@1 90
Oats—Feed $1 60@1 80.
Hay—$10@17 for common to choice
Potatoes—Humboldt Petaluma and other northern [illegible] options, $1 70@1 90

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—No transactions are taking place in our market. Exporters are still uncertain to some extent as to when they will be able to get purchases already made off their hands and are advising their agents in the interior to proceed cautiously owing to the depressed condition of the English market for Pacific coast cargoes As soon however as the ice embargo is removed, a number of vessels may be expected to begin loading both here and at Astoria and stocks of both wheat and flour which somewhat accumulated during the first half of this month will move off quite rapidly Not until then can we expect any activity in the market. Nominal quotations at present are $1 3[illegible] by exporters while millers still quote choice lots at $1 40 per cental

FLOUR—Receipts during the past ten days have averaged light not perhaps exceeding the wants of the local trade but stocks at hand are quite large We quote best extra at $4 50@4 75 in jobbing lots while cargoes might be secured on better terms for the buyer Good country and outside brands are quotable at $4@4 25, fine and superfine $3 50@4 ℔ barrel

BARLEY—Common feed barley is quoted in this market at $1 25 ℔ 100 lbs while choice lots of chevalier command an advance on these figures say $1 37½@1 45 all quotations including sacks There are but a few lots in store here and sales are dull

OATS—There is hardly so brisk a demand for shipping as existed a fortnight ago, and though prices remain at 50 cents per bushel for choice lots sacked none others will bring it

FEED—There is an ample supply of feed for the requirements of the trade and shipments being off the hard weather has moved prices but little. Bran is quotable at $[illegible] ℔ ton shorts $20@22 50 and middlings chops, etc $27 50 oil cake at $[illegible]

POTATOES—Some dealers held at fancy prices during the cold weather and jobbing was done at $1@1 25 per bushel but such prices cannot be maintained Quotable at 75@85 ℔ bushel for good

ONIONS—The market is quiet at $1@1 25 ℔ 100 lbs There is only a limited demand shipments being very slow

RIPE APPLES—There are a very few in market which are held at $1@1 50 ℔ box

DRIED APPLES—The supply is large and quotations are furnished at the same figures given last week

BACON—The market is again full with much of the new product, and prices show a weaker tendency Sides quotable at 11@12 cents ℔ lb shoulders 7½@8c hams 11@15c

LARD—In tins choice lots are quoted at 13@14 cents ℔ lb, in kegs 11½@12½c There is but a dull demand

EGGS—Receipts are increasing during the past two days and prices have dropped to 30c ℔ dozen with a prospect of going lower

CHICKENS—Prices ran up to near $5 ℔ dozen the latter part of last week but at present are dropping, being quotable at $4@4 50 with a smaller demand

TALLOW—We quote at 6 [illegible] ℔ 100 lbs and in good demand.

HIDES AND FURS—A good demand for shipping purposes prevails and receipts are light We quote for choice dry 16½@ ℔ lb, green salted, 7c green 6½c, culls 10@12c elk, 25c ℔ lb, deer, 18@30c ℔ lb dried, and 50@75c apiece green mink skins each $1@1 50 otter $2@5, beaver, 75c@$1

WOOL—In this staple there are comparatively few transactions to note Prices are unchanged ranging from 25@30c for good to choice

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Trade is quiet and prices for seasonable goods firm at current quotations. Mitchell Wagons $120@140 Bain 3-inch to 4 inch thimble skein $120 to $150 Pacific do $140@150 Seasonable Goods are in full supply

BAGS AND BAGGING—Burlap, standard, 12½@13c Flour sacks, 9½@10c Wheat 15@15½c, Grain, 10½ oz 22x60, 14@15c Oat, 23x40 14@16c 24x36 15@16c Flax Seed 21x36 15c, Wool 3½ lbs, 40x90 60@65, Burlaps, 40 inch 10 10½, 11 11½, and 12 oz, 10@13c Seaming Twine 3 ply flax 40@45c Roping 5 ply flax and jute 40@45 4 4 Dutch Carpeting and Matting 25c, Table Baizes, 10 yard lengths, wood and bronze patterns, $6 per piece

BOOTS AND SHOES—Stocks on hand embrace full assortment trade light yet an active call for the favorite brands like the Cordova kip and the genuine Webfoot boots for Ladies Misses and Childrens' wear the Button Boots take the lead We quote Webfoot 2 sole kip boots $61@64 Granger ½ do kip boots $1[illegible] Mohawk Standing boots $37 50@39 Calf Dress boots do $[illegible] Boys Lip Cordova boots $30 Boys Split do $2[illegible] Rubber do $51@57 Knee $48@51

BROOMS—The jobbing prices are firm at $1@3 25 per doz for common and $1 75@3 50 for best to extra best

BUILDING MATERIALS—Mill prices delivered in the city are Fir lumber rough $12 per M edged $14 surface sheathing $16 siding $20 rustic $2[illegible] flooring $[illegible] roofing $17 50 seasoned flooring $25 one side planed $3[illegible] four sides planed $2[illegible] side walk and wharf flooring $11 Laths $4, Pickets 1¼ inch lineal per 100 75c Lattice 75c per 100 Shingles $2 50@3 per M

CANNED GOODS—Oysters $1 25@2 75 Jams and Jellies $4 00 Los Angeles Honey $4 00 Strawberries $4 00 Rasberries $4 25 Blackberries $4 00 Pine Apple $2 50 Green Gage $3 75@4 Peaches $4 00@4 25 Pie Fruit $3@3 50 Green Peas $3 50 Green Beans, $2 50 Lobsters $3 50@3 75 Clams $1 Green Corn, $3 0[illegible] Tomatos $[illegible] Quinces $[illegible]

CEMENT &c—New Jersey $[illegible] Calcine Plaster $[illegible] Land Plaster $2 50 Santa Cruz Lime $2 [illegible] San Juan Lime $2 [illegible] English Portland Cement $6 7[illegible] Hoffman's New York Cement $[illegible]

COFFEE—Market well sustained at the following jobbing prices Costa Rica Guatemala 2[illegible] Java 28, J F Jones & Co's Ground Java 30c Chartres 3[illegible] Phoenix Premium 22@[illegible] Rio 2[illegible]

DRUGS—Quotable in jobbing lots for Alum 6c Borax 30@35c Blue Vitrol 11@13c Potash Grants 15 cans ℔ doz, $2 25 Rosin ℔ bbl $10@$13 Saltpetre in kegs 16@25c per lb Soda Caustic 6½@9c Soda Ash 4½@5c

DRY GOODS—Standard drills 15@16c seconds 1[illegible] sheetings light 11½c medium 12½c standard 14@15½c house lining 8½ bleached sheeting ¾ 9@10½, do ⅞ 13[illegible], do 4-4 12½@[illegible] Cotton Check 15@30 linen checks 18@[illegible] cambrics 10c Cotton flannel bleached 10@20c do brown 12½@1[illegible] Cottonades light 20@[illegible] do heavy [illegible] Denims 15@30 Hickory stripes 12½@2[illegible] Standard print 11c seconds do 9c Delaines 18@2[illegible] Linseys 20@[illegible] Ticks ¾ 14½@30 do 4 4 20@[illegible] Bear Duck 21c Table linen damask, brown, 35@60c, damask, bleached 50@$1, Diaper linen 30@37½c Alpaca black 25@75c Waterproof $1 10@1 25 Crash 10@1[illegible] Ginghams—Domestic 16@20c Scotch, 25@30 Lawns [illegible] Percales 1[illegible]@30

FISH—Cod Pacific 8c Eastern, 9c Mackerel No 1 ℔ hf bbl $10 50 do No 2 $9 [illegible] do kits No 1 $2 50 do No 2 $2 [illegible] Salmon pickled hf bbl $5 bbl $9 Canned, fresh, 2lb cans $3 00 per doz 1lb $2 [illegible] Sardines qrs $2 25 hfs $4 [illegible]

FRUITS dried AND PRESERVES—Peaches 1[illegible] @12½ Hungarian Prunes 15c Plums pitless 1[illegible] 1c Raisins in bxs $[illegible] hf do $4 00@[illegible] quarter $1 [illegible] eighth boxes $[illegible] Zante Currants 10[illegible] Oregon do 10 1[illegible] Citron 40@45c

METALS—Market for jobbing lots for Iron—Scotch [illegible] English pig reported [illegible] Francisco $[illegible] refined [illegible] Sheet 14 to [illegible] do 21 to [illegible] 10c Copper—Sheathing [illegible] Yellow [illegible] Sheathing [illegible] Tin Plates—[illegible] coke [illegible] per box $17 0 [illegible] char $1[illegible] Banca Tin lab [illegible] 62[illegible] Steel—English [illegible] steel [illegible] Lead—[illegible] Pig [illegible] Sheet [illegible] Pipe 1[illegible] Bar 10@10½c Zinc—[illegible] Babbitt metal [illegible] Quicksilver [illegible]

NAILS—Quotable 60d to 10d $4 [illegible] 8d $[illegible] 6[illegible] 4 [illegible] cut spike $[illegible] kegs Casing and finish [illegible] advance on corresponding sizes common box nails [illegible] per keg, all since our price of common same size

NUTS—Almonds 2[illegible] Brazil [illegible] Filberts 22½c Hickory 20c Peanut [illegible] Pecan 30c Walnut 1[illegible]@1[illegible]

OILS—We quote our market in jobbing lots—Devoe's [illegible] Downer's [illegible] Standard and [illegible] Crystaline [illegible] Gas light [illegible] China Nut [illegible] Lard in cases extra $1 [illegible] $1 10 in bbls extra $1 10 Linseed Pioneer (Oregon Mills) $1 [illegible]

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS—Family Blankets $[illegible] per pair $[illegible] XX $11 [illegible] No 1 extra Pound $10 No 1 bound $[illegible] No 2 4 point $6 50 No 3 ½ pt $6 50 Gold Blankets [illegible] black border $[illegible] do fancy border $[illegible] 3 pt Vicuna $[illegible] Scarlet $[illegible] pt [illegible] $7 00 [illegible] Blue [illegible] Striped $[illegible] fancy [illegible] Vicuna $9 [illegible] 4 pt Scarlet $11 4 pt Green $9 [illegible] Blue $9 00 4 pt Indian $9 00 No 1 Gray $[illegible] Flannels Blue Mix Twilled [illegible] Scarlet [illegible] White plain [illegible] Twilled [illegible], fancy Shirting twilled [illegible] Plain Colored [illegible] to [illegible] Scarlet plain [illegible] Cloths Hair Lines $[illegible] Cassimeres $1 [illegible] to $1 [illegible] Cassimeres [illegible] $2 10 Doeskins $1 1[illegible] to $1 [illegible] Tweeds 90 to $1 Yarn White and Gray $1 2[illegible] Scarlet $1 50 Repellant $1 40, Clouded $1 6[illegible]

PAINTS—We quote market in jobbing lots for Averill's chemical ℔ gal $2 7[illegible] Atlantic 11[illegible] Bartlett 11@12 North River 11 Greenback 10[illegible] Wm Brown & Sons 13, French Zinc, white 16 Devoe's Zinc white 12 lampblack Eddy's [illegible] German town 4@[illegible], ordinary 25 Venetian red 6@8 Havre Ocre 5@[illegible] red lead, 12½@15 Litharge, 13@14 fire proof [illegible] 6 cents

RICE—The supplies are not excessive and jobbers receive through the San Francisco market, quotable China 6½@7½c, Patna 7½c Island, [illegible] 8½c No Carolina in market.

SALERATUS—Barton's [illegible] Donnelly's [illegible] Babbitts 10@10½c

SALT—Ground Rock $13 ℔ ton Carman Island $20 @21 Liverpool coarse in 200lb sacks $20, do in 100lb sacks $22 50 do fine in 200lb sacks $25 00 do in 100lb sacks $32 50 do in 50lb sacks, $32 50@$35

SOAP—Quotable firm for R. Irving & Co's in jobbing lots at 6@6½

STARCH—The agents rates with the usual discount off to the trade are for Pearl 9½c pure 1 lb boxes 10[illegible]c 1 lb papers 11½c silver gloss 6 lb bxs 12½c 1 lb papers, 13c, Peoria Satin Glaze, 13c Corn 1 lb papers 13c

SUGARS—The stocks here are up to the average in quantity quotable as follows Crushed fine crushed and dry granulated 12½c ℔ lb in bbls and 1[illegible]c in half bbls powdered 1[illegible]c in bbls and 13c in half bbls

SYRUPS—Selling here at San Francisco Refinery prices as full stocks were the rule at the time of the late advance We quote at 67½c ℔ gal in bbl [illegible] in half bbls and [illegible] in kegs

Retail Family Market.

The following are the prices at which the principal articles of consumption are held by our Retail Dealers

GREEN FRUITS	
Oranges ℔ doz	1 00
Limes ℔ doz	25
Cocoanuts each	[illegible]
Ogn Grapes ℔ lb	12½
Cranberries ℔ gal	[illegible]
Lemons ℔ doz	1 00a1 50
Peaches ℔ lb	[illegible]
Apples ℔ box	1 50a2 00
Plums ℔ lb	none
DRIED FRUIT	
Figs Cal ℔ lb	16a20
Figs Asia Min new	[illegible]
Figs old	[illegible]
Apples	10
Plum pitless	15a18
Prunes Ger & Fr	20a25
Pears	15a17
Bananas ℔ doz	[illegible]
GROCERIES	
Coffee ground ℔ lb	25a40
do green C R	30a35
do Rio	none
do Java	30
do Mocha	none
Sugar crushed	14½a15
do pulverized	15a16
do granulated	15a16
do Island No 1	11½a12½
do No 2	9a10
do extra	12½
Milk condensed	37
Candles adamant	25a30
do Parafine	35a37
do Sperm	[illegible]
Oil Kerosene ℔ gal	40
Syrup Golden, ℔ gal	1 00
Tea—	
Gunpowder ℔ lb	1 25a1 50
Imperial	1 25a1 50
Young Hyson	1 10a1 50
Hyson	1 00a1 25
Eng Breakfast	1 00
Japan	60a1 00
PROVISIONS ETC	
Butter— ℔ lb	
Fancy Dairy	40
Good	30a40
Ordinary	18a25
Cooking	25
Cheese California	20
do Eastern	25
do Oregon	20
Hams country	18
do city	18a20
do Sugar cured	18a20
Shoulders	10a1[illegible]
Bacon clear sides	13
do Breakfast	15a16
Lard—	
Pure Leaf in tin	15a17½
do in tins	15
In bulk	13
Honey Yellow comb	25
do white	37
Eggs ℔ doz	40
BREADSTUFFS	
Flour— ℔ sack	
Family brands	1 50
Choice	1 25
Common	1 1[illegible]
Graham extra	1 50
Corn meal Cal ℔ lb	4
do Oregon	4a5
POULTRY	
Hens grown ℔ pr	$1 00
Roosters	1 00
Spring chickens	87½
Ducks tame	1 25
Geese	1 50
Turkeys	2 00

CANNED GOODS	℔ doz
Oysters 2lb cans	1 00a3 50
do 1lb cans	2 7[illegible]a3 00
Lobsters 2lb cans	[illegible]
do 1lb cans	2 50a3 00
Sardines qr tins	3 50a4 00
do hf tins	5 00a6 00
Clams	4 00a5 00
Grn corn 2lb cans	4 00a4 50
Peas 2lb cans	4 00a4 50
Beans 2lb cans	2 50a3 50
Tomatoes 2lb cans	2 50a3 00
Peaches 2lb cans	2 4[illegible]a4 75
Pine apples 2lb cans	4 50a5 00
Strawberries	4 00a4 50
Blackberries	4 00a4 50
Apricots 2lb cans	3 50a4 00
Jellies in tins	4 50a6 50
Jams in tins	4 50a6 50
Mushrooms, ℔ doz	6 50
SAUCES ETC	
℔ doz pts qts	
Worcester Sauce	5 00a9 00
Catsup Tomato	2 50a3 50
do Mushroom	3 00a5 00
Capers	4 50a6 00
Curry Powders	5 50a6 00
Mustard, Fr'h	2 75a3 25
do Cal	2 00a3 00
Pickles, English pts	6 50
qts	9 00
NUTS	℔ lb
Almonds	3[illegible]
Walnuts	[illegible]
Brazil	25a30
Filberts	25a30
Peanuts	[illegible]a30
Pecan	25
Chestnuts	40
Hickory	12½
GAME	
Ducks wild ℔ pair	62a75
Geese	[illegible]
Swan	2 00
Grouse	[illegible]
Pheasants	[illegible]
Venison ℔ lb	[illegible]
FISH	
Eastern Cod ℔ lb	12½
Tomcods	[illegible]
Halibut	8a[illegible]
Sturgeon	[illegible]
Salmon	8a10
Dessicated Cod	20
Mackerel ℔ kit	3 00a3 50
Fresh Oysters ℔ 100	50
VEGETABLES	
Squash ℔ lb	[illegible]
Beet	[illegible]
Onions	[illegible]
Carrots	[illegible]
Turnips	[illegible]
Ilia Kidney Beans ℔ gal	[illegible]
Cherries ℔ lb	[illegible]
Cabbages	[illegible]
Cauliflower	[illegible]
Potatoes	[illegible]
Asparagus	[illegible]
Lettuce ℔ doz	[illegible]
MEATS	
Beef ℔ lb	8a10
do choice cuts	10a15
Mutton	8a12½
do choice cuts	[illegible]
Veal	10a1[illegible]
Pork	10a12½
do choice cuts	[illegible]

GEO. H. CHANCE, Dentist.

Office—First Street,

(Nearly over Express Office)

PORTLAND

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I O O F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend By order of N G

Samaritan Lodge No 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner of First and Alder streets Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N G

Harmony Encampment No. 4, C of R. C.—Meets Tuesday Evenings at Good Templars Hall corner Third and Alder streets at 7½ o clock.

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LIST OF POST-OFFICES.

OREGON.

Baker Co.
*Auburn
*Augusta
*Baker City
Clarksville
Express Ranch
Eldorado
Stone
Humboldt Basin
Jordan Valley
Eve Valley
Wingville

Benton.
Alsea Valley
Drift Creek
*Corvallis
Kings Valley
Little Elk
Monroe
Newport
Newton
Philomath
Summit
Toledo
Yaquina

Clackamas.
Beaver
Butte Creek,
Canby
Clackamas
Cutting Creek
Cuttingsville
Damascus
Eagle Creek
Clad Tidings
Highland
Molalla
Milwaukie
Needy
Norton
*Oregon City
Oswego
Sandy
Springwater
Zion
Mills

Clatsop.
*Astoria
Clifton,
Jewell,
Knappa
Nehalem
Skipanon
Seaside House,
Westport

Coos.
Coos River,
Coquille,
Dora,
Empire City
Fuchant d'Prairie
Fairview
Hermansville,
Isthmus
Marshfield,
Randolph
Sitkin
Sitkum

Columbia.
Columbia City,
Clatskanie
Marshland
Rainier
Riverside
St Helens
Sauvie's Island
Scappoose

Curry.
Chetco
Ellensburg,
Port Orford

Douglas.
Camas Valley
Cleveland
Coles Valley
N Canyonville
Drain
Elkton
Galesville,
Gardiner
Looking Glass,
Myrtle Creek,
*Oakland
Pass Creek,
*Roseburg,
Scottsburg,
Ten Mile
Umpqua City
Wilbur
Yoncalla

Grant.
Alvord
*Canyon City
Camp Watson
Dayville
John Day City
Prairie City
Parkersville
Pritchards
Sumter,

Jackson.
Applegate
*Ashland Mills
Brownsborough
Central Point
Crow's Valley
Eagle Point
Craig's Pass
Hot Springs
*Jacksonville
Lakeport
Linkville
Langell Valley
Phoenix
Rock Point
Sams Valley
Sprague River
Table Rock
Willow Springs
Yainax

Josephine.
Kirby
Leland
Slate Creek
Waldo
Murphy

Lane.
Battle Creek Encampment
Big Prairie
Cottage Grove,
Coast Fork
Camas Creek
Cartwrights,
Crow,
*Eugene City
Franklin,
Goshen
Junction
Long Tom
Mohawk
Pleasant Hill
Rattlesnake
Siuslaw
Spencer Creek,
Springfield
Willamette Forks

Linn.
*Albany
Big Prairie
*Brownsville,
Crawfordsville
Diamond Hill
Fox Valley
Grass Ridge,
Waterloo
*Harrisburg
Halsey,
Jordan
Lebanon
Miller
Muddy
Mount Pleasant,
Peoria
Pine,
Scio
Soda Springs,
Shedd's
Sodaville
Sweethome,

Marion.
Aurora
Aumsville
Butteville,
Brooks
Gervais
Hubbard's,
Jefferson,
Marion
Monitor
Newellsville
*Salem,
Silverton
Stayton,
St Paul,
Sublimity
Turner,
Woodburn

Multnomah.
East Portland
Portland
Powell's Valley
St. Johns
Williams & Slonek

Polk.
Bethel
Buena Vista,
*Dallas
Falls
Elk Horn
Grand Ronde
Independence,
Lincoln
Luckiamute
Lewisville
Monmouth
Perrydale
Rickreall
Zena

Tillamook.
Garibaldi
Kilchis
Netarts
Nestockton
Tillamook
Trask,

Umatilla.
Butter Creek
Heppner
Marshall
Meadowville
Lenox
Milton
Pilot Rock
Pendleton,
*Umatilla
Weston
Willow Forks

Union.
Cove
Island City
*La Grande
North Powder
Orodell
Summerville,
Union
Wallowa

Wasco.
Antelope
Bridge Creek
Hood River
Prineville
Mitchell
Mt Hood,
Scotts
Shellrock
Spanish Hollow,
*The Dalles
Warm Springs
Wasco
Willoughby

Washington.
Beaverton
Cedar Mill
Cornelius
Dilley
Forest Grove,
Glencoe
Greenville,
Hillsboro,
Joppa
Middleton
Mountain Dale
Peake
Sholl's Ferry
Taylor's Ferry
Wapato
West Union,

Yamhill.
Amity
Bellevue
Carlton
Dayton
*Lafayette
*McMinnville
North Yamhill,
St Joe
Sheridan
West Chehalem
Wheatland,
Newberg

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

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Neah Bay
New Dungeness,
Port Angeles,

Clarke.
Battle Ground,
Brush Prairie,
Fourth Plain
Lewis River,
Pioneer
Union Ridge,
*Vancouver,
Washougal

Chehalis.
Cedarville
Chehalis Point
Elma
Hoquiam
Montesano
Oakville
Satsop
Sharon,

Cowlitz.
Castle Rock
Carrolton
Freeport
Kalama
Lower Cowlitz
Martin's Bluff
Monticello
Mt Coffin
Oak Point,
Pekin,

Island.
Coupeville
Coveland
Utsalady

Jefferson.
Port Discovery
Port Ludlow
*Port Townsend

King.
Black River
Duwamish
Fall City
*Seattle
Slaughter
Snoqualmie
Squak
White River

Kitsap.
Port Blakely
Port Madison
Port Gamble
Port Orchard
Seabeck
Tecksalet

Klickitat.
Block House,
Columbus
Goldendale
Klickitat City
White Salmon

Lewis.
Boistfort
Chehalis
Cowlitz
Claquato,
Little Falls,
Gleneden
Napavine
Newaukum
Skookum Chuck
Winlock

Mason.
Arcadia,
Lightville,
Oakland
Skokomish
Sherwood's Mills

Pierce.
Elhi
Franklin
Lake View
Puyallup
*Steilacoom
New Tacoma,
Tacoma

Pacific.
Brookfield
Bruceport
Chinook
Knappton
Oysterville
Riverside
Unity
Walton
Woods Landing

Snohomish.
Lowell
Mukilteo
Snohomish
Tualip

Skamania.
Cascades

Stevens.
Chewelah
Cedar Creek
Fort Colville
Four Lakes
Owensburgh,
Pine Grove
Rock Creek,
Rosalia
Spokane Bridge
Spokane Falls
Union Flat
Walker's Prairie

Thurston.
Beaver
Miami Prairie
*Olympia
Tenino
Tumwater,
Yelm

Wahkiakum.
Cathlamet,
Eagle Cliff
Skamokaway
Waterford,

Walla Walla.
Alpowa,
Dayton,
Patit
Pataha
Tukanon
*Walla Walla,
Wallula
*Waitsburg
Whitman

Whatcom.
Chehalis
Fidalgo
La Conner
Lehmhi
Lopez
Orcas Island,
Samish
Semiahmoo
Ship Harbor
Skagit
Whatcom
Guemes

Whitman.
Farmington
Palouse

Yakima.
Attanum
Ellensburg
Fort Simcoe
Kittitas
Moxee
Nanum
Pleasant Grove
Selah
Yakima

*Money Order Offices

PROPOSALS FOR IRON

FOR THE

CAPITOL BUILDING

AT SALEM OREGON

Bids will be received at the office of the Board of Capitol Building Commissioners for the following iron viz

46 Window Sills 3 feet inches long 1 foot 10 inches wide

4 Window Sills, 11 feet 8 inches long 1 foot 10 inches wide

40 Window Caps, 9 feet 6 inches long

96 Brackets for window pilasters

96 Corbels, under window sills

94 Pieces Bed Moulding, 2 feet 4½ inches long

64 Pilaster Caps.

48 Key Stones

48 Ornaments, in panel

380 Leaves, for medallions

700 Ornaments on side medallions

This iron must be furnished within the time and in strict conformity to the plans and specifications of the same as described in the detailed drawing, and specifications may be seen in the office of the Architect W W Piper in Salem

Said bids must be accompanied by an undertaking with two or more sureties of not less than five per cent of the amount of said bid conditioned that if the contract be awarded to the said bidder he will enter into bonds for the faithful performance of said contract

The bids received by the Board for said iron will be opened by said Board at their office in Salem on the 27th day of February 187[illegible] at 1 o'clock P M of said day

The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids that shall in their judgment not be accompanied with sufficient sureties and also to reject all the bids in case all shall be too high

Cash in coin will be paid on delivery of the iron at Salem

By order of the Board

H STALLTON President

P J Willis Secretary [illegible]

PORTLAND

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

ROOMS,

Corner of Stark and First Streets,

(Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank)

Nearly 7 500 Volumes.

And over 100 Papers and Periodicals.

Membership Free to All.

MONTHLY DUES $1 00—QUARTERLY DUES $3 00

Directors:

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W H BRACKETT,	LEHMAN BLUM

M. P Deady, President
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P. C. Schuyler, Treasurer
M. W. Fechheimer, Corresponding Secretary
Henry A. Oxer, Librarian and Rec. Sec

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 1594.

An ordinance making appropriations out of the Fire Department Fund

The City of Portland does ordain as follows

Section 1 The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund viz

For quarterly allowances to the several Fire Companies as provided by Ordinance No 1116 the sum of six thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars

For the supply of water to July 1 1875 under a contract heretofore entered into with the Portland Water Co eighteen hundred dollars

For rent of house for use of Vigilance Hook and Ladder Co No 1 one hundred and fifty dollars

For salary of Chief Engineer of the Fire Department eight hundred dollars

For salary of Fire Warden four hundred dollars

For salary of Secretary of the Fire Department two hundred dollars

Passed the Common Council January 20 187[illegible]

W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk

Approved January [illegible] 187[illegible]

HENRY FAILING
Mayor

Ordinance No 1593

An ordinance making a transfer from the Willamette River Fund to the Fund for Interest on Bonds

The City of Portland does ordain as follows

Section 1 The money arising from the sale of certain Bonds having been placed in the Willamette River Fund to defray the expense of improving the navigation of said river including the purchase of boat and apparatus and said Bonds having been taken up by the issue of other Bonds upon which interest is being paid and there being no further necessity for providing for the improvement of the navigation of said river the balance remaining in the Fund arising from the sale of boats and apparatus is hereby declared to be applicable to the payment of interest on said last named Bonds and for that purpose the sum of eighteen hundred and fifty [illegible] dollars and seventy nine cents is hereby appropriated and transferred from the Willamette River Fund to the Fund for Interest on Bonds

Passed the Common Council January [illegible] 187[illegible]

W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk

Approved January 2[illegible] 187[illegible]

HENRY FAILING
Mayor

Ordinance No 1591.

An ordinance authorizing a temporary loan

The City of Portland does ordain as follows

Section 1 To provide for the payment of allowances to the several Fire Companies for a supply of water and for the current expenses of the Fire Department until the collection of taxes for the year 187[illegible] the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland on behalf of said city is hereby authorized and directed to borrow the sum of twenty five hundred dollars gold coin for ninety days with interest not exceeding twelve per cent per annum and execute a note or obligation therefor the proceeds thereof to be placed in the Fire Department Fund

Section 2 Out of the first money received from any tax for Fire Department purposes the City Treasurer is hereby directed to pay the amount of said loan and interest

Passed the Common Council January 20 1875

W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk

Approved January 22 187[illegible]

HENRY FAILING
Mayor

Ordinance No. 1590

An ordinance to provide for the purchase of certain real property in the City of Portland

The City of Portland does ordain as follows

Section 1 In order to provide grounds for public buildings public works and city improvements the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland is hereby authorized to purchase on behalf of the City, at a sale to be made by the Chief of Police for delinquent street assessments the following described real property viz Lot number one (1) and four (4) in block number one hundred and five (105) Couch's Addition lots five (5) and six (6) in block three hundred and thirteen (313) and lot seven (7) in block three hundred and fifteen (315) in Caruthers Addition to the City of Portland *Provided* the cost thereof shall in no case exceed the amount named in the warrant for the sale of either of said lots as the amount to be collected for the assessment made by Ordinance No 1[illegible] for the improvement of L street together with legal costs and charges

Passed the Common Council January 13 1875

W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk

Approved January 14 187[illegible]

HENRY FAILING
Mayor

MARKETS.

REID & VESTAL,

BUTCHERS & PACKERS,

Stalls 8 9 and 10 Central Market.

SHIPS AND STEAMBOATS SUPPLIED

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,

Has returned to the

COR. MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,

Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. H. GARLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of all kinds of MEATS All orders delivered to any part of the city Free of Charge Also KOSHER BEEF VEAL AND MUTTON

CHRIS. SCLOTH

Invites his old patrons and the public generally to call at his

NEW BUTCHER SHOP,

Washington St., one door East of Third.

E. CORBETT'S

Livery, Hack & Feed Stables,

(FIRE PROOF

COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS.

Reasonable Charges for Stock Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses.

OBSERVE PRICES

Riding $1 00 per hour
Calling $1 50 first hour $1 each additional hour
To boats 50 cents each passenger
Funerals $5 per Hack
To and from Balls and Parties $2 a couple

Orders left at STABLE or FISHEL & ROBERTS, promptly attended to at any hour

SOLDIERS'

WAR CLAIM AGENCY,

No. 34 MONTGOMERY BLOCK,

SAN FRANCISCO CAL.

W. H AIKEN ATTORNEY AT LAW AND Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic in California and Nevada will give prompt attention to the collection of Additional Bounty, now due California and Nevada Volunteers discharged more than three hundred miles from home, soldiers can depend on fair dealing. Information given free of charge When writing, enclose stamp for reply and state company and regiment and whether you have a discharge Congress has extended the time for filing claims for additional Bounty under Act of July 28 1866 to January 187[illegible] so all such claims must be made before that time Original Bounty of $100 has been allowed all volunteers who enlisted before July 22 1861 for three years [illegible] land [illegible] W [illegible] services in the late war [illegible] Pensions [illegible] increased when allowed for less than disability warrants [illegible] are all due to Mexican and Florida war soldiers State of Texas has granted Pensions to surviving veterans of Texas [illegible] New Orleans and Mobile Prize Money is now due and being paid W H Aiken also attends to General Law and Collection Business

au1 dsatwcowtm

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Odd Fellows Hall Association of Portland Oregon will be held at Odd Fellows Temple corner First and Alder streets in the city of Portland on TUESDAY the second day of February A D 187[illegible] at [illegible] o'clock P M By order

A N CAMPBELL, Secretary

Portland Jan [illegible] 18[illegible] j1otd

DELINQUENT TAX NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors of School District No 1 in Multnomah county Oregon has authorized the Clerk to give an extension of time of 30 days from the [illegible]th of December 1874 for the payment of delinquent taxes After which further costs will be made by distraint and sale of property

J D HOLMAN

d31 1m

NOTICE.

The undersigned has been appointed Resident Agent of the San Francisco Board of Marine Underwriters vice Henry Rhodes Esq removed from the state

J. McCRAKEN

Portland Jan 1 187[illegible] ja14 1m

$5 to $20 per day at home Terms Free Address Geo Stinson & Co Portland, Maine.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

RE-OPENED!

CLARENDON HOTEL!

Corner of F and First Streets,

PORTLAND OREGON

This magnificent hotel newly furnished throughout in a superb manner, is now open for the reception of guests

The Finest Rooms and the Best Table, in Oregon at moderate prices

Situated within two blocks of the Depots of the Oregon and California and Oregon Central Railroads and within one block of the wharf of the Oregon Steamship Company

Street Cars pass the door

Free Coach to and from the House.

Street Car tickets furnished free to guests

HALLETT & KIMBALL.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

Corner Front and Yamhill sts

J. B. KELLOGG, - - PROPRIETOR.

Everything New —Comfortable Rooms— Good Table—Moderate Rates.

THOMPSON HOUSE,

First and Jefferson Streets.

Board and Lodging, per week	$5 00
Board, without Lodging	4 00
Board and Lodging, per day	75

The House is new and hard finished and the board is as good as any first class house.

HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT.

Men with families will be charged moderately
A Wagon attends the Steamers and Railroads
Employers in want of help please call

Roseburg Hotel & Restaurant.

DOUGLAS CO., OREGON,

First Class House and the best in the City

MEALS AT ALL HOURS

GOOD BEDS AND CLEAN ROOMS.

GIVE ME A CALL

H. H. HIGLEY, PROPRIETOR.

n3d3m

LAW CARDS.

SYL. C SIMPSON JNO B WALDO

SIMPSON & WALDO,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No 12 Dekum's Building

W C JOHNSON F O M'COWN E A MACRUM

JOHNSON, M'COWN & MACRUM.

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

OFFICE IN MONNASTES BRICK

Above the Occidental Hotel First Street,

Portland, Oregon.

jan1d3m

W. S. NEWBURY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Has Removed from Holmes' Building to

Rooms 10 and 11 Monnastes' Building

FIRST, BET. MORRISON & YAMHILL.

REMOVAL.

A. C Gibbs E G Hughes

GIBBS & HUGHES,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

Office in Ankeny's Building First Street.

Will practice in all Courts of Record in the State, and pay particular attention to Business in the United States Courts.

C. B. BELLINGER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Room 18, Dekum's Building,

Portland Oregon.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,

Attorneys at Law,

Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets Portland.

F. A. CHENOWETH,

Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis. Oregon.

W. W. MORELAND,

Attorney at Law—Oregon City, Oregon.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN B. PILKINGTON, M. D.

OCULIST AND AURIST.

ROOM 8—DEKUM'S BUILDING CORNER FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS

Office Hours—10 to 12 3 to 4 and 7 to 8 P M.

DR. CHAS. SHUMACHER,

OFFICE—PFUNDER'S DRUG STORE

Residence—Third street bet Salmon and Main

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

This compound of the vegetable alteratives Sarsaparilla Dock, Stillingia and Mandrake with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron makes a most effectual cure of a series of complaints which are very prevalent and afflicting It purifies the blood purges out the lurking humors in the system that undermine health and settle into troublesome disorders Eruptions of the skin are the appearance on the surface of humors that should be expelled from the blood Internal derangements are the determination of these same humors to some internal organ or organs whose action they derange and whose substance they disease and destroy AYER'S SARSAPARILLA expels these humors from the blood. When they are gone, the disorders they produce disappear such as *Ulcerations of the Liver Stomach Kidneys Lungs Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin St Anthony's Fire Rose or Erysipelas Pimples Pustules Blotches Boils Tumors Tetter and Salt Rheum Scald Head Ringworm Ulcers and Sores Rheumatism Neuralgia Pain in the Bones Side and Head, Female weakness, Sterility Leucorrhœa arising from internal ulceration and uterine disease Dropsy Dyspepsia Emaciation and General Debility* With their departure health returns

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers Generally

DAVIS & SCHUYLER Wholesale Agents Portland Oregon

HALL'S

VEGETABLE SICILIAN

HAIR

RENEWER

This standard article is compounded with the greatest care

Its effects are as wonderful and satisfactory as ever

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color It removes all eruptions itching and dandruff and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor preventing baldness and making the hair grow thick and strong

As a dressing nothing has been found so effectual or desirable

Dr A A Hayes State Assayer of Massachusetts says of it I consider it the best preparation for its intended purposes

Buckingham's Dye,

FOR THE WHISKERS.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade to brown or black at discretion It is easily applied being in one preparation and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color which will neither rub nor wash off

MANUFACTURED BY

R. P. HALL, & CO., Nashua, N. H.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers Generally

DAVIS & SCHUYLER Wholesale Agents Portland, Oregon

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. W. KOEHLER

Takes this opportunity to inform his Patrons and the Public generally that he has REMOVED his office to the new and commodious Building of D MONNASTES

BET MORRISON & YAMHILL STS,

Two Doors Below the Old Office

Rooms Nos. 1, 4 and 3. [illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING

Saw-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,

17 and 19 Fremont street between Front and Battery.

SAN FRANCISCO

N W SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE [illegible] inserted in circular saws

REPAIRING in all its branches such as Gumming Re Toothing Straightening etc

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes, also Cross-cut Mulay Gang Buck Butcher and Hand-saws [illegible] kinds together with a good assortment of [illegible] bought at lowest market rates.

Cast Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and [illegible] ING CUTTERS always on hand or made to order at short notice

N. B.—Messrs KNAPP, BURRELL [illegible] Commission Merchants Portland Oregon, [illegible] duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington [illegible] Idaho

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent direct.

MEDICAL.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE

NEW REMEDIES! NEW REMEDIES

Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,

623 KEARNEY [illegible] COMMERCIAL [illegible] San Francisco Established [illegible] for the treatment [illegible] and Seminal Diseases Gonorrhoea Gleet [illegible] Syphilis in all its forms [illegible] Weakness Impotency [illegible] Diseases (of years standing) Ulcerated Legs successfully treated.

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing that he has returned from visiting the principal hospitals of Europe, and has resumed practice at his Dispensary 623 Kearney street, corner of Commercial San Francisco, where his old patients and others requiring his services may find him

The Doctor has spared neither time nor money in seeking out new remedies and has returned with increased facilities for the alleviation of human suffering

Horrible D[illegible]

How many th[illegible] both male and female, are there who are suffering out a miserable existence from the effects of secret indulgence [illegible] from virus absorbed into the system! Look [illegible] pallid emaciated and disfigured faces and [illegible] broken-down constitutions disqualifying [illegible] the happiness of marriage or the enjoyment [illegible] In this horrid situation thousands [illegible] closes the scene. Let parents, guardians [illegible] bend to those who are suffering with any [illegible] horrible, life-destroying maladies [illegible] cared for and cured before it be too late [illegible] immediately to DR. GIBBON, a physician [illegible] made private diseases his [illegible] and who is certain to cure the most [illegible] without mercury or any injurious drugs [illegible] portant to those who are afflicted, or [illegible] are interested in the welfare of their [illegible] careful of the many pretended doctors [illegible] all cities, publishing their skill in [illegible] in a few days, imposing upon the [illegible] the names of eminent physicians from [illegible] other places. Be therefore careful and make inquiry, or you may fall into the [illegible] character

[illegible] Weakness

Seminal Weakness, the consequence of self [illegible] This solitary vice, or depraved sexual indulgence practiced by the youth of both sexes to an [illegible] unlimited extent producing with unerring certainty, the following train of morbid symptoms [illegible] combatted by scientific medical [illegible] low countenance dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots, [illegible] the loins, weakness of the limbs, [illegible] blunted intellect, loss of confidence [illegible] approaching strangers, a dislike to [illegible] quaintances disposition to shun society, [illegible] memory, hectic flushes, [illegible] tions about the face furred tongue [illegible] coughs consumption night [illegible] frequent insanity If relief be [illegible] apply immediately, either in [illegible] have a [illegible] by his new [illegible] of treating this [illegible] which [illegible] ing a quick and radical cure. Dr. G. will give [illegible] Hundred Dollars to any [illegible] who will [illegible] satisfactorily to him that he was [illegible] plaint by after [illegible] of the San Fr[illegible]

Ma[illegible]

Or the [illegible] who [illegible] ing under any of [illegible] forget the sacred [illegible] nor delay to c[illegible] DR. GIBBON h[illegible] and will give patient a written [illegible] fect a radical and [illegible] charge.

C[illegible]

Persons at a [illegible] may be [illegible] by addressing a [illegible] to Dr. G[illegible] symptoms, length of time the disease [illegible] and have medicines [illegible] damage and curiosity, to any part of [illegible] with full and plain [illegible] By [illegible] Dollars coin, [illegible] office or through Wells, Fargo & Co., a [illegible] medicine will be forwarded to any [illegible] Union All [illegible]

Caution to the Un[illegible]

Beware of the San Francisco quacks [illegible] tenders who, with bogus [illegible] certificates [illegible] the unwary [illegible] of the [illegible] doctors [illegible] names are to be found in the daily and [illegible] newspapers of San Francisco and other [illegible] watchmen and besides too lazy to work [illegible] trades. Some are tinsmiths, shoemakers, [illegible] carriers Intelligence office [illegible] The way to avoid imposition is to make inquiry [illegible] cost you nothing and may save you many [illegible] for as advertising physicians in eight cases [illegible] ten are bogus, there is no safety in trusting [illegible] them until you know who and what they are [illegible] Gibbon does not [illegible] by saying [illegible] titles, certificates [illegible] Dr Gibbon will satisfy persons who may [illegible] office of his ability to [illegible] that [illegible] to cure.

Address DR J F GIBBON 623 K[illegible] ner Commercial, San Francisco, [illegible]

REMEMBER TO PUT BOX 1,957 ON [illegible] TER. Consultations FREE.

Correspondents will please inform [illegible] BON that they read his advertisement in the [illegible] OREGONIAN

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon —In [illegible] cy In the matter of Henry A Gu[illegible] [illegible] rupt. District of Oregon, ss. A warrant in [illegible] ruptcy has been issued by said Court against [illegible] estate of [illegible] G[illegible] of the county [illegible] Lane and State of Oregon in said District who has been duly adjudged a bankrupt [illegible] petition of his creditors, and the payment [illegible] any debts and the delivery or any property [illegible] ing to said bankrupt to him or to his use, [illegible] transfer of any property by him are forbidden [illegible] law A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the City of Portland said District on the 10th day of February 1875 at 11 o clock A. M at the office of H. [illegible] up the Register in Bankruptcy of said D[illegible]

DANL. J MALARKEY
U S Marshal for said D[illegible]

ja25afel

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon Multnomah county —David P Th[illegible] plaintiff vs. H J Stevenson and Sarah E [illegible] son defendants To H J Stevenson and S[illegible] Stevenson defendants In the name of the State of Oregon you and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit and Court, by the first day of the next regular term of said Court [illegible] shall be held after six weeks from the first publication of this summons, which term of Court will be commenced and held on the second Monday of February A D 1875 and if you fail so to appear and answer the plaintiff will take judgment against you and each of you for the sum of twe[illegible] hundred dollars and interest thereon in [illegible] States gold coin at the rate of one per cent. a [illegible] since October 29 A D 1874 and the additional [illegible] of two hundred and fifty dollars and for costs [illegible] disbursements of this suit, and will take a [illegible] against you for foreclosing a mortgage executed [illegible] you to plaintiff to secure the payment of said [illegible] of money on those parcels or tracts of land in the city of Portland in Multnomah county State of Oregon which are described on the maps of said [illegible] as all of lot numbered three (3) in Park Block, [illegible] here [illegible] four (4) and the west half of lots numbered five and six (6) in block numbered three hundred and twelve 312) in said city and also that tract [illegible] in said county and State which is particularly [illegible] ed and described as follows commencing [illegible] 11 83½ chains east of the corner of sections [illegible] 35 and 36 in township 1 north of range 1 east of [illegible] Willamette meridian running thence east [illegible] chains thence north 7 50 chains thence west [illegible] chains thence south 7 50 chains to the place of beginning being a part of the donation land claim [illegible] Wm C Bowering and directing the sale of [illegible] lands to pay said sums of money and for [illegible] other relief as may be equitable The order directing service of this summons by publication is dated December 15 1874

JOHN CATLIN and B. KILLIN
Plaintiffs Attorney

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